## AUTOGRAM

## AC-6 Mono/Stereo Audio Console

## SPECIFICATIONS <br> INPUT CHARACTERISTICS:

Sources:
23 stereo inputs - customer's option as to use by plug-in modules
1 high level cassette
Impedances:
Microphone, 200 or 50 ohms
High level 10 K ohm bridge or 600 ohm terminate External monitor 10 K ohm

Levels:
Microphone -65 to -50 dBm
High level -10 dBm to +10 dBm
External monitor -10 dBm to +10 dBm
Noise:
Program/audition-120 dBm
Monitor -110 dBm
Power Source:
117 or $230 \mathrm{Vac} 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ single phase
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS:
Outputs (Depends on modules used)
1 Stereo program
1 Stereo audition
2 Monitor amplifiers
2 Headphone amplifiers
1 Cue amplifier

## Impedances:

Program/audition 600 ohm balanced or unbalanced 10 K ohm balanced or unbalanced Monitor 4-16 ohm unbalanced
Cue 4-16 ohm unbalanced
Levels:
Program/audition or mono: +8 dBm nominal - +24
dBm mazimum
Monitor - 15 watts RMS into 8 ohm load
Cue and headset - 1 watt into 8 ohm load

Frequency Response:
Program/audition $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB} 30$ to 15 K Hz
Monitor $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB} 30$ to 15 K Hz

## Distortion:

Program/audition less than 0.5\% THB
Monitors less than 1.5\% THD

## AUTOGRAM AC-6 AUDIO CONSOLE

## 1. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The AC-6 console, as normally configured, consists of 6 stereo mixing channels, a stereo program channel, and a stereo audition channel. All audio panel controls control right and left channels simultaneously.

All input channels can be adapted for use with low-level balanced microphone inputs, high-level balanced line inputs, or high level bridging inputs by selecting the appropriate input accessory module.

Audio input terminals and program outputs are located at the left end of the console and monitor outputs and control functions are located at the right end of the console and are accessible from the top. Optional input connectors, such as the XL type, can be supplied for direct plug-in connections.

Each stereo mixer position consists of a 2-position INPUT SELECT switch, a rotary stereo MIXER level control with CUE position, an AUDITION/PROGRAM key switch, and a pushbutton control switch. The pushbutton control switch is used for remote starting of cartridge machines or other remote control functions requiring a momentary contact closure.

Two stereo inputs are provided to each stereo mixer channel for channels 1 through 5. The 2-position INPUT SELECT switch connects either of the two stereo inputs, input $A$ or input $B$, or two input accessory modules. The input accessory module may be a microphone preamplifier, a highlevel input bridging transformer, or a high-level input matching transformer. The outputs of the two input accessory modules are connected through a stereo/monaural switch and balance control to a stereo MIXER level control attenuator. The outputs from the MIXER level attenuator are applied to an AUDITION/PROGRAM key switch that connects the mixer channel output to the stereo audition mixer channel buses, disconnects the outputs (center off position), or connects the outputs to the program mixer channel buses. Signals placed on the program mixer buses are amplified by mixer amplifiers and applied to program line level controls inside the console. Outputs from the program line level controls are amplified by two program line amplifiers and applied to output transformers to. provide the 600 -ohm balanced stereo program
outputs. Stereo program line outputs are monitored by the left channel and right channel VU meters on the front panel. Signals placed on the audition mixer buses are amplified by an additional set of amplifiers in the same manner as the program channels and may be monitored by left and right VU meters by placing VU meter switch in AJDTTION.

One 12-position selection switch is provided to switch stereo inputs to mixer 6 A. Mixer $6 B$ is single stereo irput.

The MIXER level control attenuators provide a CUE positior in the maximum counterclockwise position of the control. In this position, the mixer channel stereo outputs are combined and applied to a monaural cue bus. The signal on the cue bus is amplified by a cue amplifier and provided as an unbalanced output for driving a cue speaker or headphones.

Two monitor amplifiers can be switched to monitor the stereo program channels, the stereo audition channels, an off-theair stereo channel, or stereo external source. The MONITOR SELECT switch selects the stereo inputs to the monitor amplifiers, and the stereo MONITOR LEVEL control adjusts the output levels. The outputs of the monitor amplifiers are connected through two miting relays to allow connection to studio, lobby, and control room speakers.

The AC-6 console provides a headphone PHONES SELECT switch, a stereo PHONES LEVEL control, and two headphone amplifiers that allow stereo headphone monitoring of the program channel outputs, the audition channel outputs, off-the-air stereo channel, an external stereo source, or the output of the MONITOR SELECT switch.

## II. INSTALLATION

The arrangement of studio and control room facilities determines the location of the console in a particular station. Carefully plan the placement of equipment and wiring before beginning installation. Placement of the unit is not cri.tical but approximately 4 inches ( 10.16 cm ) should be left at the rear of the unit to allow for adequate ventilation. For access to all internal terminal boards, lift the front edge of the unit top and fold back; the front panel can then be pulled forward and down. The top and front panels are held in the fuily open position by retaining cables. Approximately 28 inches ( 81.12 cm ) front to back is required for the fully open unit.

During installation the following rules should be followed to eliminate grounding problems.
A. Ground input and output cable shields at console end only. However when running signal lines from a balanced source, ground the shield at the source.

If noise on signal input cables is high, it may be necessary to ground shields at both ends to reduce noise levels.
B. Use standard audio shielded twisted pair with insulated cover.
C. Low- and high-level audio leads should be separated from power and control wiring.
D. Use 1- to 2 -inch ground strap to connect console chassis to common ground.
E. Use shielded power leads if noise level is high.

CAUTION
Be sure that cable shields do not come in contact with anything but grounding terminals.

## III. WIRING INSTRUCTIONS

Console location and type of installation determine the position of the input, output, and primary power wiring. Refer to figure 1 for access hole locations. Openings at the rear and bottom of the console provide access to terminal boards for incoming and outgoing leads. If the wiring is to enter from the bottom of the console, corresponding holes must be drilled through the table top for wiring access.

CAUTION
Connect primary power only after all other connections are made.

Refer to tables 2-1 through 2-3 for a list of input/output and control function terminal boards, and terminal functions. To ensure proper phasing of stereo signal lines, it is important to connect each twisted shielded pair to the terminals in the same way. For example, if a twisted pair is used with red and white wires, always wire the red wire to $\pm$ terminal, the white wire to the C (common) terminal, and the shield to the $S$ (shield) terminal. The $S$ terminal connects directly to the console chassis. No separate grounding is necessary.
A. Input Connections

Terminal boards TB1 through TB10 provide input audio connections for the AC-6 console. Each audio connection contains $a \pm$ terminal, a common terminal C , and a shield terminal S . The $S$ terminal is connected to the console chassis ground.
B. Mixex Channels i Thxough 6

The audio input impedance and levej characteristics of a mixing channel are determined by the input accessory modules. The input may be a low-level input, briciging high-level input, or terminating high-level input. Multjple switched inputs are provided for each mixer charrel, and all infuts to a mixer channel must be the same type, for example, lowlevel., high-levol bridging, or high-level terminating.

## C. Low-Level Imputs

The microphone preamplifier, MPA-1, is used for the lowlevel mixer channel. The MPA-1 preamplifier is factory wired with a 200-ohm input impedance and accepts input levels of -65 dBn to -50 dBm . The input impedance may be changed to 50 ohms by making wixing changes on the consolemounted accessory socket. To charge the mixer channel input impedance to 50 ohms, remove the connection between terminals 2 and 3 of the console-mounted accessory socket, install a connection between terminals 1 and 2, and install a connection between terminals 3 and 4 . The input connections must remain on terminals 1 and 4.
D. High-Level Inputs - Bri.dging

The bridging transformer, BT-1, input accessory module provides a bridging input for the mixer channel. The bridging input provjdes a 10,000 -ohm input impedance, which will accept input voltage levels corresponding to -10 dBm to +10 dBm across a 600-ohm terminated line ( 0.246 volt to 2.46 volts rms).

## E. High-Level Inputs - Terminating

The matchjing transformer, MT-1, input accessory module provides a 600 -ohm terminating line input for the mixer channel. The terminating input will accept input levels of -10 dBm to +10 dBm .

## F. Remote Inputs

One 12 -position selector switch is provided for switching stereo inputs to mixer 6A. All inputs switched into this mixer channel must be the same type. Table 2-1 provides the input terminal connections.

## G. External Monitor Inputs

The $A C-6$ console contains provisions for an external sterec monitor input and ar off-the-air stereo monitor input. Each of these inputs has a 10,000 -ohm balanced input impedance.

The AC-6 console contains two miniature phone jacks located in the lower right-hand corner of the front panel area. These jacks terminate in wiring pigtails located inside the console adjacent to the mixer input area. These cables enable the console installer to connect the cassette inputs to any suitable mixer input during installation. The wires are labeled for identification. Care should be taken to properly phase the left and right channels to the selected input.

## I. Stereo/Monaural Input Switching

A stereo/monaural input switch for each mixer is located on the back of the front panel adjacent to the plug-in input accessory module sockets. This switch must be placed in either the $S$ (stereo) or $M$ (monaural) position as dictated by the type of input selected for the applicable mixer. In the monaural position, the output of the right channel is disconnected and the left channel input is connected to both left and right channel outputs of the mixer.

## J. Program and Audition Line Outputs

Connections to the 600 -ohm isolated program and audition line outputs are made through terminal board TB2 on output amplifier chassis A2. Refer to table 2-2 for connections.

## K. Monitor Speaker Outputs

Three separate stereo monitor speaker output connections are provided through three separate muting relays for studio and/or remote speaker connections. Refer to table 2-3 for audio connections. Muting relay controls are connected as described in paragraph entitled 'Muting Relay Connections", which follows.

## NOTE

Do not ground either conductor of the monitor speaker lines--use twisted pair shielded cable 18 gauge or larger.
L. Cue Output

A single cue output is provided to drive a customerfurnished cue speaker. Refer to table 2-2 for connections.

> NOTE

Do not ground either conductor of the cue speaker line.

## M. Stereo Headphone Output

The consoles contain a separate jack located in the lower left-hand corner for headphone monitoring. The output will accept headphone impedances of 8 ohms to 50 kilohms, eliminating the need of special headphones or impedance matching transformers.
N. Muting Relay Connections

Two muting relays are provided for silencing monitor speakers when a program/audition switch is placed in the PROGRAM or AUDITION position. The relays must be strapped to the selected program/audition switch for operation. Refer to table 2-3 for control connections. For example, to mute the speakers with the PROGRAM/AUDITION MIXER 1 switch in the PROGRAM position, connect the "mute key ground" line for 1 PGM to the "mute relay to ground" terminals of the relay to which the monitor speaker is connected. If the monitor speakers to be muted are connected to relay K 1 , jumper TB13-1 to TB13-13.
O. Pushbutton Control Functions

The front panel momentary pushbutton controls are wired to terminal boards and are used to start externally located equipment. The pushbuttons are to be used only with contact closure dc switched equipment. No ac should be wired through the pushbutton switches. Refer to table 2-3 for connections to the pushbutton switch contacts through the terminal boards. Each pair of connections represents a single set of normally open contacts. Contact rating is 1 ampere maximum.

Table 2－1 AC－6 Audio Input Connections

FUNCTION
CONTROL
MIXER

| anono | のaのa | ananor | anan | anan | nuev | AFAF | $\omega \omega \omega \omega$ | NNNN | $\mapsto \vdash \vdash \vdash$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\sim}{\text { D }}$ | 氷路 | 家虫心 | 点袁离 | 忿泡 | －\％D | ＋6＞＞ |  | － | ＋10） |
| が馬 | ずぢす |  |  | カッ\％ |  |  | ガッド |  | 可5\％ |
| B B 心sis | 为密 | 品心 | BB心 | 空总 | 量量 | 患摛 | Bisis | 呺品心 | 患空 |
| $\infty \infty \stackrel{\text { Юю }}{\circ}$ | ம® $0 \infty$ | vvaの | ルuvv | anue | かんNワ | ＋${ }_{\text {NNr }}$ | fuNr | かんNம | ＋んNワ |
| 「゚ントロ | トワfr | が「こり | 「フチト | がャワ | いぃぃぃ | かった - | マンVン | ffff | トワ・ |
| $\stackrel{\square}{\square} \operatorname{\infty }$ | GNGN | $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\longmapsto}$ | $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\bullet}$ | GNGN | ゅドった | 号㠯゙号 | $\infty \infty$ | guver | NNNN |
| N゙Nのい | awom | Nャべ | Nャのw | anome |  | N゙NN゙N | 6060 | のaのo | $\omega \omega \omega \omega$ |

Table 2-1 AC-6 Audio Input Connections (Cont).

FUNCTION
CONTROL
MIXER

| 6 | Al1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6 | Al1 |
| 6 | Al2 |
| 6 | Al2 |
| 6 | B |
| 6 | B |

SW POS

All
All
A12
A12
B
B
MONITOR/
PHONES
SELECT

ASSY NO. INPUT TERMINAL NO. TB ( )
$\pm \quad \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{S}$
CHAN

L A5
R A5
L A5
A5
A.

A5

L A5
R A5
L A5
$R$ A.

| Ext | L | A5 | 5 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ext | R | A5 | 6 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| Air | L | A5 | 7 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| Air | R | A5 | 8 | 13 | 14 | 15 |

Table 2-2 AC-6 Audio Output Connections

| OUTPUT | CHANNEL | ASSY NO. | OUTPUT | TERMINAL NO. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | TB ( ) | $\pm$ | C | S |
| Program out | L | A2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Program out | R | A2 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Audition out | L | A2 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Audition out | R | A2 | 1 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Monitor Kl | L | A4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | - |
|  | R | A4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | - |
| Monitor K2 | L | A 4 | 2 | 5 | 6 | - |
|  | R | A4 | 2 | 7 | 8 | - |
| Cue Output | - | A4 | 2 | 9 | 10 | 11 |

Table 2-3 AC-6 Control Function Connections
CONTROL
ASSY NO. CONTROL SWITCH TERMINALS TERMINAL
ASSY NO. $\underset{T}{\text { CONTROL }()}$ SWITCH TERMINALS TERMINAL
Pushbutton
1A
1B
$-2 \mathrm{~A}$
2B
$-3 A$
3B

| A6 | 11 | 1 | 2 | - |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| A6 | 11 | 3 | 4 | - |
| A6 | 11 | 5 | 6 | - |
| A6 | 11 | 7 | 8 | - |
| A6 | 11 | 9 | 10 | - |
| A6 | 11 | 11 | 12 | - |

Table 2-3 AC-6 Control Function Connections (Cont).

CONTROL

Pushbutton
$4 A$
$4 B$
$5 A$
$5 B$
$6 A$
$6 B$

Mute key Ground

1PGM
1AUD
2PGM
2AUD
3PGM
3AUD
4PGM
4AUD
5PGM
5AUD
6PGM
6AUD
On-air warning light connections K1
K2
Mute relay
to ground
K1
K2

ASSY NO. CONTROL

A6 A6 A6 A6 A6 A6 612

12
12
12
12
12
12


13

| A6 | 13 | - | - | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 2 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 3 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 4 |
|  |  |  | - | 5 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 6 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 7 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 8 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 9 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 10 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 11 |
| A6 | 13 | - | - | 12 |
| A6 | 13 | - |  |  |


-
-
-
-
-

A6
A6

A6
13
14
11
12
13
13
14

A6
13






Figure 3. Bridging Transformer BT-1, Schematic Diagram.


Figure 4. Cue Amplifier CA-1, Schematic Diagram.


NOTES
. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
all resistance values are in ohms
all capacitance values are in microfarado.

Figure 5. Headphone Amplifier HA-1, Schematic Diagram.


Figure G. Jumper Plug JP-1, Schematic Diagram.



Figure 8 Microphone Preamplifier MPA-1, Schematic Diagram.


Figure 9 Matching Transformer MT-1, Schematic Diagram.


Figure 10 Power Supply PS1, Schematic Diagram.

notes:

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIEO
all resistance values are in ohms.
all capacitance value s are in microfarads.


Figure 12 Line Amplifier LA-1, Schematic Diagram.



| SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION | MANUFACTURER'S PART NUMBER | MFR CODE | PART NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A4 | SAME AS AZ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 250074-1 | AUTIG |  |
| A 5 | SAME AS A1 |  |  |  |
| A 6 | SAME AS A2 |  |  |  |
| A7 | SAME AS A1 |  |  |  |
| AB | SAME AS AZ |  |  |  |
| $J 1$ | CONNECTOR, ELECTRICAL 12 CONTACTS | S3312AB | 10551 |  |
| J2 | SAMF AS Jl |  |  |  |
| P1 | CONNECTOR <br> 12 CONTACIS | P3312CCy | 10651 |  |
| RI | PDTENTIOMETER IC KILOHMS | 70AGM032S1034 | 01121 |  |
| R 7 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { THROUGH } \\ & \text { R4 } \end{aligned}$ | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |
| T 1 | TRANSFORMER | 027-0165 | 31740 |  |
| I 2 |  |  |  |  |
| THROUGH T 4 | SAME AS TI |  |  |  |
| TB1 | NOT USED |  |  |  |
| TB2 | TERMINAL BLDCK | 599-2004-12 | 75382 |  |
| X41 | CONNECTOR SDCXETS | 77 Mipg | 03554 |  |
| XA? |  |  |  |  |
| IHROUGH $x \triangle 8$ | SAME AS XAI |  |  |  |
| FRJNT PANEL, A3 |  |  |  |  |
| ATI | ATTENUATOR | 3200283-600-600 | 28057 |  |
| AI 2 |  |  | 2805 |  |
| IHROUGH | SAME AS AII |  |  |  |
| CS 1 | LAMP | 1819 | EECR |  |
| C5 2 |  |  | Leer |  |
| THROUGH | SAME AS DSI |  |  |  |
| DS 4 |  |  |  |  |
| MI | METER, VU | 561-200 | LFECO |  |
| M2 | SAME AS MI |  |  |  |
| P1 | NOT USED |  |  |  |
| P 2 | CONNECTOR <br> 12 CONTACIS | P3312CCT | 10551 |  |
| R1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RESISTOR } \\ & 560 \text { OHMS, } 10 \% \text { TחL, } 1 / 2 \text { WATT } \end{aligned}$ | RCR20GF561KR | 81349 |  |
| R2 | POTENIIOME TER <br> IC KILOHMS | 70C4N100SID3A | 01121 |  |
| R 3 | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |
| R4 | SAME AS R2 |  |  |  |
| R 5 | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |
| R6 | SAME AS R2 |  |  |  |
| R 7 | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |
| R 8 | SAME AS R2 |  |  |  |
| 89 | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |
| R10 | SAME AS R2 |  |  |  |
| R11 | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |
| R12 | SAME AS R? |  |  |  |
| R13 | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |
| R14 | SAME AS R2 |  |  |  |
| R15 | Same as ri |  |  |  |
| R16 | SAME AS R2 |  |  |  |
| R17 | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |
| R18 | SAME AS R2 |  |  |  |
| R19 | SAME AS RI |  |  |  |





| SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION | MANUFACTURER'S PART NUMBER | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MFR } \\ & \text { CODE } \end{aligned}$ | PART NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MIXER NETWORK, A 7 |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { R } 1$ $R 2$ <br> I HROUGH R24 | ```RESISTOR, FXD, COMPOSITION 10 KILOHMS, 5% TOL, 1/4 WAII SAME AS RI``` | RCRO7G103JR | 81349 |  |
| LEFT - RT Channel vu board ASSEMBLY, AB… 9 |  |  |  |  |
| R1] <br> R2 <br> R 3 | ```POTENTIGMETER IO KILDHMS RESISTOR, FXD, COMPOSITION 3600 OHMS, 5% TOL, L/2 HATT SAME AS R2``` | $3007 \text { P1-103 }$ <br> RCR20GF362JR | 80294 <br> 81349 |  |
| Manufactures codes |  |  |  |  |
| code <br> AUTOG | name and address <br> AUTOGRAM <br> 631 J PLACE <br> p 0 80× 454 <br> PLANQ, TX 75074 |  |  |  |
| LEECR | LEECRAFT MFG CO 1 NC 21-16 44TH ROAD <br> LI NEW YORK, NY 11101 |  |  |  |
| LFECO | LFE CORP, PROCESS CONTROL DIV 1601 TRIAPELD ROAD <br> WALTHAN, MA 02154 |  |  |  |
| 01121 | ```ALLEN BRAOLEY CO 1201 2NO ST MILWAUKEE, WI 53212``` |  |  |  |
| $01548$ | CAPITOL MACHINE AND SWITCH CC 87 NEHTOHN ROAD DANBURY, CT OGB10 |  |  |  |
| $03554$ | AMPHENOL CANADA LTD, DIV OF THE BUNKER RAMCO CORP 44 METROPQLITAN RO SGARBORDUGH ONTARIO, CANADA |  |  |  |
| 07389 | ```CLAIR CORD 10085 WINDSTREAM OR COLUMBIA, MO 21043``` |  |  |  |
| 07688 | MILITARY STANOARDS |  |  |  |
| $10651$ | VERNITREN CORP 175 COMMUNITY DR GREAT NECK, NY 11021 |  |  |  |
| 16428 | ```BELCEN CORP P 0 80X 341 RICMMOND, IN 47374``` |  |  |  |


| SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION | MANUFACTURER'S PART NUMBER | MFR CODE | PART NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25435 | GRAYHILL MOLDTRONICS INC 703 ROGERS ST <br> DOWNERS GROVE, IL 60515 |  |  |  |
| 27191 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CUTLER-HAMMER INC } \\ & \text { 42OI N 27TH ST } \\ & \text { MILHAUKEE: WI } 53216 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 28057 | ```SHALL-CO INC HIGHWAY 301 SOUTH P O BOX 55 SMITHFIELD, NC 27577``` |  |  |  |
| 31740 | ```LEIGHTNER ELECTRONICS INC P O BOX 314 PLANO, TX 75074``` |  |  |  |
| 44655 | OHMITE MFG CO 3601 W HQWARD ST SKOKIE, IL 60076 |  |  |  |
| 56289 | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO NORTH ADAMS, MA 01247 |  |  |  |
| 71400 | BUSSMANN MFG, DIV DF MCFRAH-EDISON CO 2536 H UNIVERSITY ST St LOUIS, MO 63017 |  |  |  |
| 75382 | KULKA ELECTRIC CORD 633-643 S FULTON AVE MT VERNON, NY 10550 |  |  |  |
| 75915 | littlefuse inc BCO E NDRTHWEST HWY DES PLAINES, IL 60016 |  |  |  |
| 76854 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OAK MFG CO } \\ & \text { S MAIN ST } \\ & \text { CRYSIAL LAKE, IL } 60014 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 80294 | BRURNS INC <br> 1200 COLUMEIA AVE <br> RIVERSIDE, CA 92507 |  |  |  |
| 81349 | MILITARY STANDARDS |  |  |  |
| 82389 | SHITCHCRAFT INC 5555 N ELSTON AVE CHICAGO, IL 60630 |  |  |  |
| 86797 99942 | ROGAN BROS INC 8031 N MONTICELLO SKOKIE, IL 60076 <br> CENTRALAB SEMICONDUC TOR 4501 N ARDEN DR <br> EL MUNTE, CA 91734 |  |  |  |

AUTOGRAM INSTRUCIION MANUAL ERRATA

$$
\Lambda C-6
$$

1. Specification Sheet, under Distortion Program/Audition:

Less than $0.5 \%$ THD
2. Page 2, pp 5, last sentence:

Delete all after "external stereo source"
3. Table 2-2, AC-6, Auclio Output Connections:

On the Output TB Column, all numbers should read " 2 "
4. Following Table 2-3, add this paragraph: To mute cue speaker, connect jumper from Assy A-4 TB-2- Terminal 9 to Assy A-6 TB 13 - Terminal 15. Then connect cue speaker to Assy A-6 TB 11 - Terminal 13. Return other lead of cue speaker to Assy A4 TB2 - Terminal 10. K1 cannot be used for warning light circuit if it is used for cue muting.
5. Schematic Diagram Sheet 1 of 3:

Power Supply Chassis Assy A-4 C-8, 250 mfo should read C-10, 250 mfd. Transformer $\mathrm{T}-1$ wire color codes:
Brown/White should read Yellow/Black
Red/White should read Green/White
6. Figure 2, Sheet 2 of 3, Schematic Diagram change:

Left Channel 6A
Input 10 from TB 8-11, 10,9 to $T B 8-9,8,7$
Input 11 from TB $9-11,10$, 9 to $\mathrm{TB} 9-9,8,7$
Input 12 frolii TB $10-11,10,9$ to TB $10-9,8,7$
7. Figure 2, Schematic Sheet 3 of 3, Assy A-4 Power Supply Chassis: R7 - 4.7 ohm \& R8-4.7 ohm are now 1 ohm
HA-1 A6 should read HA-1 A5
HA-1 A7 should read HA-1 A6
CA-1 A5 should read CA-1 A4

Terminal atrip TB1-A is located in the floor of the console in front of Assy. A-4 (Power Supply Cnassis). This terminal is used as a tiepoint for internal connections for optional counter or clock. This terminal strip is also used for connections to allow externaj. signals to drive the VU meters on the AC-6 only. Asmall R-C timing circuit is included to give the optional counter a one-shot pulse for resetting when any front panel pushbutton is depressed.

TB-1A CONNECTIONS
AC-8/ IC-10

1. NO CONNECTION
2. BLACK (wire 265) $47 K 3 \cdot 1 \frac{1}{T}$-to pushbutton
3. BLACK (wire 262)
4. Tie point (red wires 262 and 265)
5. To external transformer for clock (wire 261)

Notes Wires 261 and 262 are tied off in the wiring bundle near the remote line seleot switch "A" if a clock was not ordered with the console.

AC-6 only

1. No Connection
2. Black (wire 265) $47 k \frac{5}{5} 1 T \mathrm{~T}$-to pushbuttons
3. Black (w1re 237) F S l- to clock
4. Tie Point (red wires 237 and 265)
5. Riack (wire 236) To external transformer
6. Red (wire 236) To external transformer
7. Black (wire 144)
8. Red (wire 144)
9. Black (wire 143)
10. Red (wire 143)

Note: Wires numbered 236 and 237 are tied off in the wiring bundle near the VU meter switch if no clock was ordered with the console.


$$
A C-6 \propto A C-8
$$

INTERNAL CUE MU'ING

Relay K-] is now internally wired to make cue muting. very easy. Simply connect your cue speaker to Assy A-4 TB2 Terminal 13. common to 14 , and shield to 15 (chassis ground). Connect $K-L$ contrul to proper channel key switch (control room mike). Now K-l will mute cue speaker, control room monitor speakers, and also will control warning lights.


AUTOGRAM
MODULE PRICE LIST
8-1-85


## AUTOGRAM AUDIO CONSOLE WARRANTY

Autogram warrants that all audio consoles manufactured by Autogram Corporation and sold hereunder will, at the date of delivery, meet all published specifications and will be free from defects in design, workmanship and material.

Autogram agrees to repair or replace any equipment of its manufacture that fails to meet warranty set forth above for two (2) years after delivery with the exception of lamps, fuses, and other expendable items. All major parts, such as, VU meters, step attenuators, key switches, etc., sold hereunder which are not of Autogram Corporation manufacture are sold subject to warranty of suppliers thereof.

Warranties may not be honored when failure is caused by improper use or abuse, maintenance, repair or alteration by unauthorized persons.

In no event shall Autogram have any liability for consequential damages, or for loss, damage or expenses directly or indirectly arising from the use of the products, or any inability to use them either separately or in combination with other equipment or materials, or from any other cause,

Parts under warranty must be returned to Autogram per instructions. Warrantied parts will be shipped freight prepaid by UPS regular or by US mail, First Class. Any other method of shipment, such as, air express, will be shipped freight collect.


## AUTOCLOCK



## FEATURES

REAL-TIME (HH: MM: SS) BATTERY BACKED

REAL—DATE (MM: DD: YY)
STOPWATCH (MM: SS)
00:00 TO 99:59
CONTROLS: (EXT. SWITCHES) RESTART
STOP-RESET
START-CONTINUE
TEMPERATURE
DEGREES F/C
HIGH OF DAY
LOW OF DAY
EXTERNAL PROBE
AUTOCLOCK SYNC
Allows up to 10 AUTOCLOCKS to sync on same TIME/DATE/TEMP.

DESIGNED FOR
AUTOGRAM CONSOLES:
$\mathrm{AC}-6, \mathrm{AC}-8, \mathrm{IC}-10$

## AUTOGRAM CORPORATION <br> PO BOX 456, 631 J PLACE PLANO, TEXAS 75074

(214) 424-8585

## AUTOGRAM <br> Mono/Stereo Audio Consoles



## AC-8

Sources:
26 stereo inputs - customer's option as to use by plug-in modules
1 high level cassette
Outputs (depends on modules used)
1 Stereo program
1 Stereo audition
1 Monophonic program


IC-10
Sources:
28 stereo inputs - chstomer's option as to use by plug-in modules
1 high level cassette
Outputs (depends on modules used)
1 Stereo program
1 Stereo audition
1 Monophonic program

AUTOGRAM CORPORATION<br>P.O. Box 456,631 J Place<br>Plano, Texas 75074

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## https://bh.hallikainen.org

