

# Quick Start Guide

## Introduction

AutoPilot® for Windows 2.0 gives you the power to monitor and control your entire operation from your PC. The user-friendly meter view and simplified navigation make AutoPilot easy to learn and use. With AutoPilot Scripts, you have the power and flexibility you need to for advanced automation. Whether you have one site or dozens, AutoPilot for Windows 2.0 gives you the control you need.

This Quick Start Guide will lead you through the process of configuring and connecting to your sites using the ARC-16 Wizard.

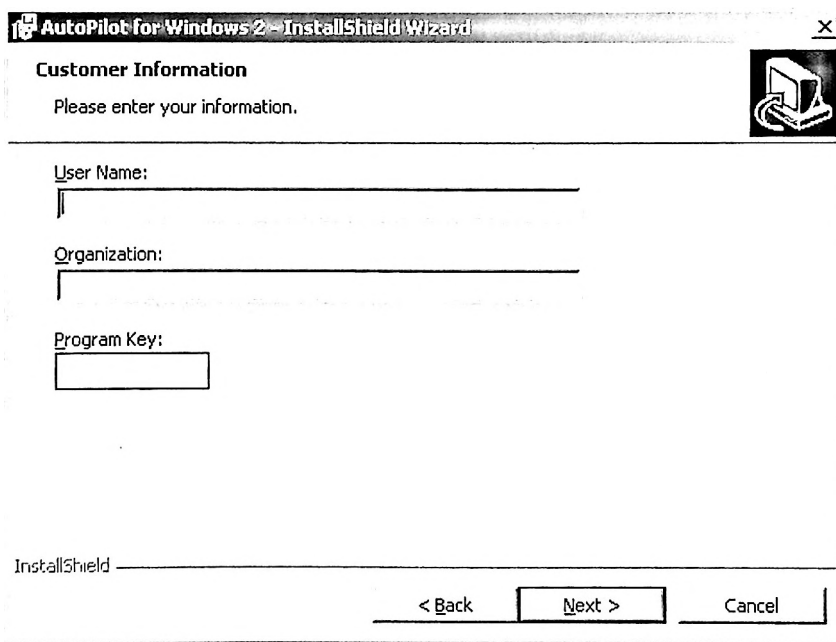
For additional help, please consult the help file by clicking on Help in the menu bar.

## Installing AutoPilot for Windows 2.0

To install AutoPilot, put the CD in your drive. The CD Browser should open automatically. If it does not, double click on the icon for your CD-ROM from My Computer, and then run "Launch".

Note: If you are using Windows NT or 2000, you must have administrative privileges to install AutoPilot.

Click Install to run the installer. When prompted for your Program Key, enter the key supplied by Burk. If you do not have a Program Key, leave the field blank to run AutoPilot in demo mode.



**AutoPilot for Windows 2.0 - InstallShield Wizard**

**Customer Information**

Please enter your information.

User Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Organization: \_\_\_\_\_

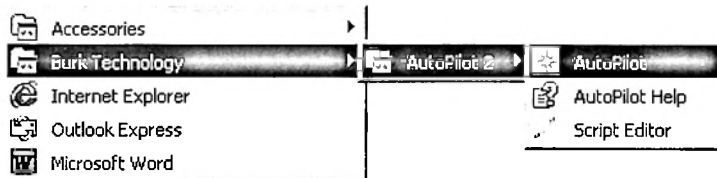
Program Key:

InstallShield

< Back    Next >    Cancel

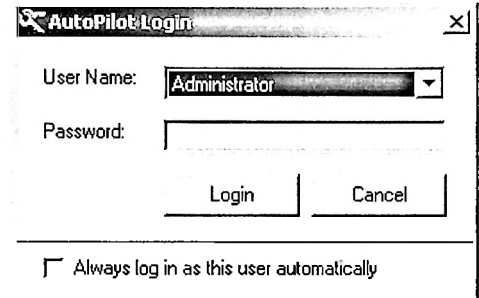
## Starting AutoPilot

To run AutoPilot, open the Start Menu, and go to "Burk Technology\AutoPilot for Windows 2" and click "AutoPilot for Windows".



## Logging In

When AutoPilot is first installed, it includes one user, “Administrator”, with a blank password. When you first start AutoPilot, log in by selecting “Administrator” from the User list and clicking Login. You can change the password and add more users later (consult the help file for more information).

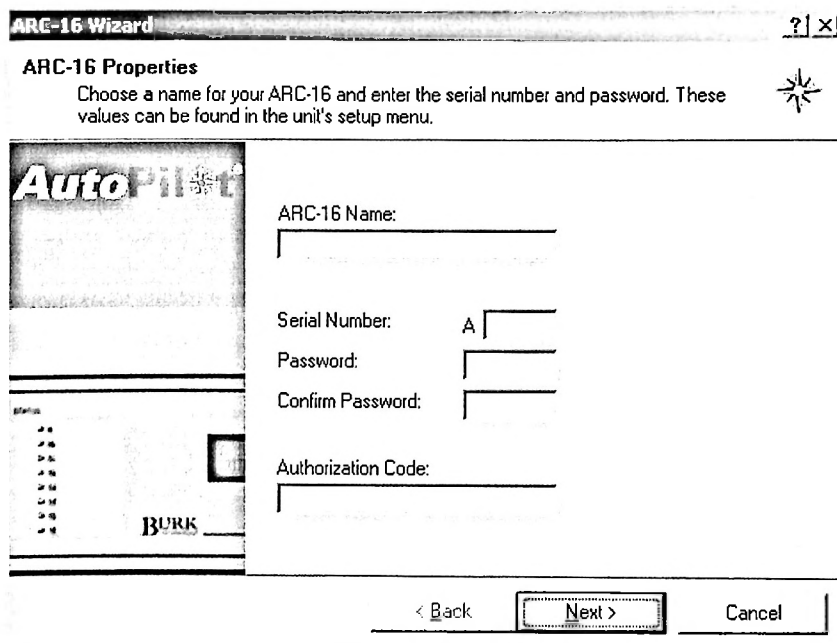


## Using the ARC-16 Wizard



The ARC-16 Wizard is used to add ARC-16s to AutoPilot, and can also be used to modify your settings later. To launch the wizard, click “New ARC-16” from the File menu. After each step, press “Next” to continue.

1. **ARC-16 Properties:** Enter a name for this ARC-16, the serial number, user password from the ARC-16, and your authorization code. If you do not yet have an authorization code, please contact Burk Technology. If you are running AutoPilot in demo mode, leave the authorization code field blank.



- ARC-16 Group:** Every ARC-16 must be part of a group, even if you have a Stand Alone. A group can have up to four ARCs, all connected to each other. To add a new group, select “Add new group...” from the drop down list, and enter a name for the group. Next, select the site letter of your ARC.
- Time Zone:** Select the time zone in which your ARC-16 is located. You can also enter abbreviations for Standard Time and Daylight Saving Time. These abbreviations will appear when you print reports. If the time zone you are using does not use Daylight Saving Time, be sure to uncheck the box for that option.
- Logging:** To enable logging on this ARC, check the “Enable Logging” checkbox. Choose either hours or minutes and enter the logging interval. To log starting at a specific time, enter that time for “Next Log”. For example, if you want to log every hour on the hour: choose “Hours”, enter 1 for the interval, and set the Next Log time for the next hour.
- Adding a Connection:** To add a new connection, choose “Yes” and press next. You can add either a Direct connection (using a serial port), or Modem. Enter a name for the connection, and choose the COM Port or Modem that you want to use. If using a modem, you must enter the phone number as well. You can also make this the default connection for the group, which lets AutoPilot connect without prompting you to choose a connection. The default connection can be used to connect to the group automatically at startup if “Connect automatically at startup” is checked.

Connection Type

Direct     Modem

Name:

Make this the default connection for the group

Connect automatically on startup

Modem:

Phone Number:

- Add Channels:** Check the box in the “add” column for each channel that you want to add. You can also change the channel name and units for analog readings. Note: use the sample channel on the left to see what the channel will look like in AutoPilot.

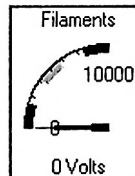
**ARC-16 Wizard** ? | X

**Channels** \*

Select the channels that you want to use. You can specify a label for each channel, and the units that the readings are measured in.

Sample

Filaments



0 Volts

On

Raise

Lower

Number	Add	Channel Label	Units
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Filaments	Volts
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Channel 2	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 3	
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 4	
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 5	
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 6	
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 7	
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 8	
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 9	
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 10	
11	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 11	
12	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 12	
13	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 13	

- Channel Properties:** For each channel that you want to customize, first select the channel from the drop down list. You can change the raise and lower labels, status on and off labels, command durations, and status indicator colors. Check “Log status changes” to have AutoPilot log each time the status of the

channel changes.

8. **Meter Properties:** The appearance of the meter is customizable for each channel. You can change the min and max values, colors, and values where the color changes. Note: you do not have to use all five colors, to use only two colors, for example, set the "Ends at" value for Meter Colors 3-5 to equal the Minimum Value.
9. Press finish to add the ARC-16 to AutoPilot.

## Connecting to your ARC-16

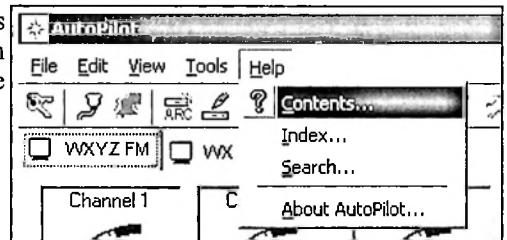


To connect to your ARC, click Connect from the File menu. If you set your connection as the default, AutoPilot will connect immediately, otherwise you will be prompted to choose from a list of connections.

## Additional Help

For more detailed instructions and information on AutoPilot's many other features, please consult the help file, accessible from the Help menu in AutoPilot. Additional information can also be found on the Burk website: [www.burk.com](http://www.burk.com).

For technical support, email [support@burk.com](mailto:support@burk.com), or call (978) 486-0086.



# What's New

AutoPilot for Windows 2.0 is a completely new version, built from the ground up to improve reliability and ease of use. If you've used a previous version of AutoPilot, you will immediately notice many of the changes. Getting up and running on 2.0 won't take long at all, though, as AutoPilot's new wizards make setup a breeze. Here are some of the changes and new features:

- **New meter view and easier navigation:** AutoPilot now provides a page of meters for each site. The values displayed on the meters can be customized, as well as the colors. To switch between sites, just click on the desired site from the tab list below the toolbar.
- **ARC-16 Wizard:** The [ARC-16 Wizard](#) takes you through adding a new site step-by-step. You can add a connection, configure logging, and customize your meters all in the same process. Once the wizard is complete, you're ready to connect to your ARC.
- **Scripting:** Version 2.0 replaces "Functions" with Scripts, based on the Visual BASIC Script (VBS) language. Scripting gives you a great deal of power, allowing you to handle any situation. If you're not familiar with VBS, no problem. The [Script Wizard](#) will generate commonly used scripts painlessly - you don't have to write a single line of code! And the [Script Editor](#) provides an easy to use code writer so you don't have to memorize script commands or syntax. See [AutoPilot 1.x Functions](#) for more information.
- **Better Reports:** AutoPilot now gives you more control over the look and content of your reports, using the [Report Writer](#). You can select exactly what kind of data you want to see, and even add custom headers and footers. Once you've configured your report, you can save the template so you don't have to go through the setup next time. You can also export your data so you can view it with almost any other application.

Read the [Quick Start Guide](#) to get up and running, and be sure to review the rest of the help file for information on scripting, printing reports, and the other new features in AutoPilot for Windows 2.0

# Introduction

AutoPilot® 2.0 gives you the power to monitor and control your entire operation from your PC. The user-friendly meter view and simplified navigation make AutoPilot easy to learn and use. With AutoPilot Scripts, you have the power and flexibility you need to for advanced automation. Whether you have one site or dozens, AutoPilot 2.0 gives you the control you need.

## System Requirements

- Pentium II or equivalent
- 64MB RAM
- Windows XP, 2000 Pro SP1, NT 4.0 SP5
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.01 SP2 or newer
- Bell 212A compatible modem (if using a modem connection)

## Getting Started

To get started, read the [Quick Start Guide](#). This will explain how to configure and connect to your ARC-16(s) quickly and easily. If upgrading from a previous version, read about [What's New](#). The help file also provides instruction for:

- [AutoPilot Configuration](#)
- [Basic Operation](#)
- [Writing Scripts](#)
- [Viewing Reports](#)

## How to Get Help

The help file can be accessed from AutoPilot by clicking on the help menu.

[?|](#) "What's This" help is also available to provide quick descriptions of AutoPilot's features.

If you require further assistance, please [contact Burk Technology](#).

# AutoPilot Configuration

To learn more about configuring AutoPilot, choose from the topics below:

- [Adding ARCs with the ARC-16 Wizard](#)
- [Managing connections](#)
- [Managing groups](#)
- [Managing users](#)

# Managing Groups

An ARC-16 "group" can comprise up to four units. Every ARC-16 in AutoPilot is part of a group, even if you are only using one ARC. When you connect to any ARC in a group, AutoPilot is able to communicate with all of the units in that group.

To add, delete, or edit groups, click "Groups..." from the Edit menu.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "ARC-16 Groups". It features a title bar with a question mark icon and a close button. The main area is divided into three sections:

- Groups:** A list box containing "My Group". Below it is a "Name:" label and a text input field containing "My Group".
- ARC-16s in this Group:** A list box containing "WXYZ FM" and "WXYZ AM".
- Connections to this group:** A dropdown menu showing "Test". Below it are two checked checkboxes: "This is the default connection for the group" and "Connect to this group automatically at startup".

To the right of the dialog box are five buttons: "New", "Save", "Undo", "Delete", and "Close".

## Adding Groups

Click New to create a new group. Enter a name for the group, and press Save. Because this is a new group, there will not be any ARC-16s in the group, nor will there be any connections to it.

## Modifying Groups

Select the group from the Groups list. You can change the name, and set one of the connections to the group as the default. If you make a mistake, you can click Undo to revert back to the original settings.

## Deleting Groups

Select the group that you want to delete from the Groups list. Click the Delete button on the dialog to delete it. Warning: when you delete a group, all of the ARC-16s and connections for that group will be deleted as well.



## Group Settings

### Groups list

The Groups list displays all of the groups that you have added to AutoPilot. Clicking on a group in the list will display its properties in the fields below.

### Group Name

The group name is used to refer to this group in AutoPilot.

### ARC-16s in this Group

The ARC-16 list shows all of the ARCs, if any, that are part of this group.

### Connections to this group

The connections drop down list displays all of the connections to this group (connections can be defined to any of the ARC-16s in the group). Select a connection if you want to change its default status.

### Default Connection

If a connection is the default for the group, AutoPilot will use that connection when connecting without first prompting you to choose from a list.

### Connect to this group automatically at startup

If the connection is the default for the group, AutoPilot can use it to connect when the program starts up.

# Managing Users

AutoPilot user accounts are used to restrict access to AutoPilot and some of its features to only the people whom you choose. An Administrator account is built in. This account can not be deleted, but can be renamed. Note that the default password is blank; to change this password, see below.

To access the Edit Users dialog, click "Users..." from the Edit menu.

**Edit Users** ? | X

**Users**

- Administrator
- New User**

User Name: New User

Password: \_\_\_\_\_

Confirm Password: \_\_\_\_\_

**Privileges**

- Administrator
- Manage ARC-16s
- Connect/Disconnect
- Issue Commands
- Clear Alarms
- Enable/Disable Scripts
- Run/Schedule Scripts
- Write Scripts
- Enable/Disable Logging
- View Logs and Reports
- Edit Calendars

**Buttons:** New, Save, Undo, Delete, Close

## Add a new user

Press New to create a new user. You can change the User Name and set a password, as well as assign privileges (see below). Press Save to save your changes.

## Modify a user

Select the user that you want to edit from the Users list. You can change the name, password, and privileges (see below). Press Save to save your changes, or press Undo to revert back to the original settings.

## Delete a user

To delete a user, press the Delete button on the Edit Users dialog. Note: you can not delete the built-in Administrator account.

## User settings

### Users list

To edit or delete a user, click on the desired user name from the Users list.

### User Name

The user name can be up to 25 characters long.

## Password

The password can be up to 16 characters long, but can be left blank if desired. You must retype the password in the Confirm Password field.

## Privileges

Privilege	Description
<i>Administrator</i>	Grants the user all other privileges, as well as the ability to manage other users. The administrator can also modify <u>purge settings</u> .
<i>Manage ARC-16s</i>	Allows the user to add, delete, and edit ARC-16s, connections, and groups.
<i>Connect/Disconnect</i>	The user can connect and disconnect ARC-16s.
<i>Issue Commands</i>	Gives the user the ability to issue raise and lower commands.
<i>Clear Alarms</i>	Allows access to the Clear Alarms button.
<i>Enable/Disable Scripts</i>	The user will be able to enable and disable scripting.
<i>Run/Schedule Scripts</i>	Allows the user to run scripts, or change the schedule settings of a script.
<i>Write Scripts</i>	Gives the user access to the Script Editor and Script Wizard.
<i>Enable/Disable Logging</i>	The user can enable and disable logging in AutoPilot.
<i>View Logs and Reports</i>	Allows access to the Report writer and export features.
<i>Edit Calendars</i>	Grants the user access to the Edit Calendars dialog.

# Managing Connections

You can add a new connection when you first setup your ARC using the ARC-16 Wizard. To add a connection afterwards, or to modify an existing connection, click "Connections..." from the Edit menu.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Connections" with a standard Windows-style title bar (minimize, maximize, close buttons). Inside the dialog, there is a section labeled "Choose a connection:" containing a table with three columns: "Name", "ARC-16", and "Group". The table has one row with the values "Test", "WXYZ FM", and "My Group". To the right of the table are four buttons: "New", "Save", "Undo", and "Delete". Below the table is a "Connection Details" section with several fields and options:

Name	ARC-16	Group
Test	WXYZ FM	My Group

Buttons: New, Save, Undo, Delete

Connection Details:

ARC-16: [WXYZ FM] Type:  Direct  Modem

Connection Name: [New Connection] COM Port: [COM1]

Default Connection for the group

Connect automatically on startup

## Adding a new connection

Press "New" to add a connection. You must also select which ARC-16 you will be connecting to directly, using the "ARC-16" drop down list. Press save when you have finished setting up your connection.

## Modifying a connection

Click on a connection in the "Choose a connection" list. When you have finished changing your settings, press Save. If you want to revert to your original settings, press Undo.

## Deleting a connection

To delete a connection, select it from the "Choose a connection" list, and click the Delete button on the Connections dialog. If you delete your only connection to a group, you will no longer be able to connect to that group.

## Connection Settings

### Connection Name

Enter a name for the connection. The connection name will identify this connection in AutoPilot and scripts.

### Default Connection for the group

Check this box to make this the default connection for the group. When connecting to any ARC in the group, AutoPilot will use this connection without asking you to first choose from a list. Note: you can still choose which connection to use by clicking "Connect Using..." from the File menu.

**Connect automatically on startup**

If you made this the default connection, you can check this option to allow AutoPilot to connect to this group when the program is started.

**Connection Type**

Choose either a direct connection (using your computer's serial port and a null modem cable), or a modem connection, using your modem to dial into the ARC-16.

**COM Port**

If using a direct connection, choose the COM Port that you want to use from the list. Note: if you do not see your COM Port in the list, it is not installed correctly in Windows.

**Modem**

If using a modem connection, choose the modem that you want to use from the list [not shown]. Note: if you do not see your modem in the list, it is not installed correctly in Windows.

**Phone Number**

If using a modem connection, you must also enter the phone number that you want AutoPilot to dial [not shown].

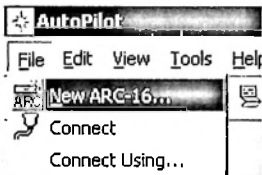
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# ARC-16 Setup

The ARC-16 Wizard takes you step-by-step through the process of adding ARC-16s to AutoPilot. This section of the help file will guide you through each page of the wizard. To skip directly to a specific topic, choose from the links below:

- [ARC-16 Properties](#)
- [ARC-16 Group](#)
- [Time Zone](#)
- [Logging Options](#)
- [Add New Connection](#)
- [Connection Details](#)
- [Add Channels](#)
- [Channel Properties](#)
- [Meter Properties](#)

To start the wizard, click "New ARC-16" from the [File](#) menu.



To change your ARC-16 settings, you can return to the ARC-16 Wizard by clicking "ARC-16 Properties..." from the [Edit](#) menu. To delete an ARC, click "Delete ARC-16..." from the [Edit](#) menu. Note: you can only add a new [connection](#) using the wizard when you first setup the ARC. To add connections later, see [Managing Connections](#).

## ➔ [ARC-16 Properties](#)

# ARC-16 Properties

**ARC-16 Wizard** ? | X

**ARC-16 Properties**

Choose a name for your ARC-16 and enter the serial number and password. These values can be found in the unit's setup menu.

**AutoPilot**

ARC-16 Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Serial Number: A | \_\_\_\_\_

Password: \_\_\_\_\_

Confirm Password: \_\_\_\_\_

Authorization Code: \_\_\_\_\_

**BURK**

< Back    **Next >**    Cancel

## Site Name

Enter a name for your ARC-16. This name will be used to select your ARC in AutoPilot, as well as in [scripts](#).

## Serial Number

Enter your ARC's serial number. The serial number is printed on the back of the ARC-16, and appears at the end of the configuration menu on the front panel of the unit.

## Password

Enter the User Password for your ARC. This appears in the system configuration menu on the ARC. Re-enter the password in the "Confirm Password" field.

## Authorization Code

Enter the [authorization code](#) given to you by Burk. Each ARC-16 requires its own authorization code. If you do not have one, please contact Burk. If you are running in [demo mode](#), just leave this field blank.

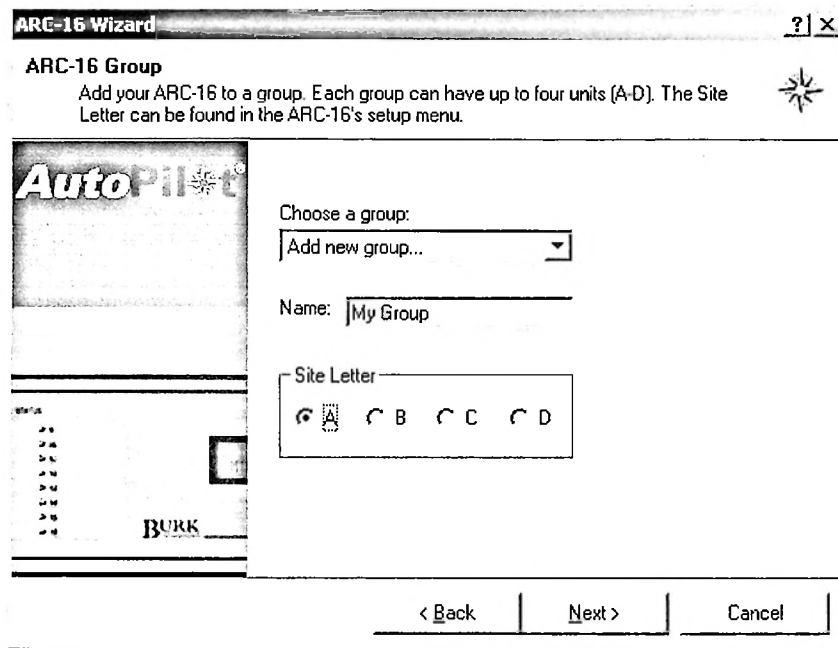
*Press "Next" to continue.*

- ➔ ARC-16 Group
- ➔ ARC-16 Setup

# ARC-16 Group

**ARC-16 Wizard** [?] [X]

**ARC-16 Group**  
Add your ARC-16 to a group. Each group can have up to four units (A-D). The Site Letter can be found in the ARC-16's setup menu.



Choose a group:  
Add new group...

Name: My Group

Site Letter  
 A  B  C  D

< Back    Next >    Cancel

## ARC-16 Groups

Every ARC-16 must be part of a group, even a Stand Alone. A group can include up to four units, all connected to each other. When AutoPilot connects to one ARC in the group, it can talk to every other ARC in the group as well.

If you have already added a group to AutoPilot that will include the new ARC that you are adding, just pick that group from the "Choose a Group" drop down list.

If you want to add a new group, choose "Add new group..." from the list. Enter a name for the group in the "name" field.

## Site Letter

Select the site letter for your ARC-16. Note: each letter can only be used once for each group. The site letter is determined when you first configure your ARC.

*Press "Next" to continue.*

- ➔ Time Zone
- ➔ ARC-16 Properties




# Time Zone

**ARC-16 Wizard** [?] [X]

### Time Zone

Select the time zone for your ARC-16. When logging, AutoPilot will compensate for the time zone and Daylight Savings Time automatically.



Choose a time zone:

GMT Bias	Time Zone	Locations
GMT-05:00	Eastern	Eastern Time (US & Canada)
GMT-05:00	SA Pacific	Bogota, Lima, Quito
GMT-05:00	US Eastern	Indiana (East)
GMT-06:00	Canada Central	Saskatchewan
GMT-06:00	Central	Central Time (US & Canada)
GMT-06:00	Mexico	Mexico City

Standard time abbreviation:

Daylight time abbreviation:

This location uses Daylight Saving Time

< Back    Next >    Cancel

## Choose a time zone

When AutoPilot takes a log or runs a script, it is sensitive to which time zone your ARC-16 is in. Choose the appropriate time zone from the list. You can also enter abbreviations for Standard Time and Daylight Time. These abbreviations will appear in your logs. If your time zone does not use Daylight Saving Time (DST), remember to uncheck the DST option. Note: if you are not using DST, AutoPilot will ignore the Daylight Time abbreviation field.

Press "Next" to continue.

- ➔ Logging Options
- ➔ ARC-16 Group

# Logging Options

**ARC-16 Wizard** ? | X

**Logging Options**  
Determine how often to log your ARC-16, and specify the time to start logging.

**AutoPilot**

**Enable Logging**

Interval:  ▾

Hours  
 Minutes

Next Log:  ▾

< Back    Next >    Cancel

## Enable Logging

Check "Enable Logging" if you want AutoPilot to log readings from this ARC-16.

## Interval

Enter the number of hours or minutes after which AutoPilot should record a log. Select "Hours" or "Minutes" using the options below the interval field.

## Next Log

Enter the time when AutoPilot should take its first log for this ARC. This will set a pattern for all future logging. For example, to log every hour on the hour, enter 1 for the interval and select "Hours", and enter the next hour for Next Log. If the next hour is 6:00, AutoPilot will log at 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, etc. If you set the interval for 15 minutes, AutoPilot will log at 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, etc.

*Press "Next" to continue.*

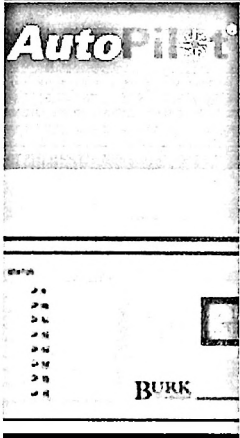
- ➡ Add New Connection
- ⬅ Time Zone

# Add New Connection

**ARC-16 Wizard** [?] [X]

**Add new connection**

Add a connection for this ARC-16 if you will be connecting directly to it. You do not need a connection if you are already connecting to another ARC-16 in this group.



Add a new connection?

Yes

No

< Back    Next >    Cancel

Select "Yes" to add a new connection for this ARC-16.

If you already have a connection for an ARC in this group, you do not need to add another one. Select "No" to skip to the connection settings.

*Press "Next" to continue.*

- ⇒ Connection Details
- ⇒ Add Channels
- ← Time Zone

# Connection Details

**ARC-16 Wizard** ? | X

**Connection Details**

Choose either a direct (serial) or modem connection, and give your connection a name. Press the test button to make sure your connection works.

**Connection Type**

Direct  Modem

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Make this the default connection for the group

Connect automatically on startup

Modem: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

< Back | Next > | Cancel

## Connection Type

Choose either a direct connection (using your computer's serial port and a null modem cable), or a modem connection, using your modem to dial into the ARC-16.

## Connection Name

Enter a name for the connection. The connection name will identify this connection in AutoPilot and scripts.

## Default Connection

Check this box to make this the default connection for the group. When connecting to any ARC in the group, AutoPilot will use this connection without asking you to first choose from a list. Note: you can still choose which connection to use by clicking "Connect Using..." from the File menu.

## Connect Automatically

If you made this the default connection, you can check this option to allow AutoPilot to connect to this group when the program is started.

## COM Port

If using a direct connection, choose the COM Port that you want to use from the list [not shown]. Note: if you do not see your COM Port in the list, it is not installed correctly in Windows.

## Modem

If using a modem connection, choose the modem that you want to use from the list. Note: if you do not see your modem in the list, it is not installed correctly in Windows.

## Phone Number

If using a modem connection, you must also enter the phone number that you want AutoPilot to dial.

*Press "Next" to continue.*

➔ Add Channels

➔ Add New Connection


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Support: (978) 486-0086  
[support@burk.com](mailto:support@burk.com)

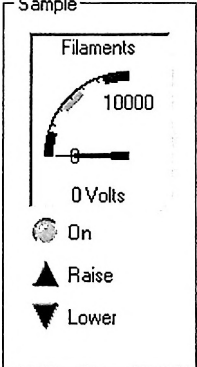
# Add Channels

**ARC-16 Wizard** [?] [X]

**Channels** 

Select the channels that you want to use. You can specify a label for each channel, and the units that the readings are measured in.

Sample



Number	Add	Channel Label	Units
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Filaments	Volts
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Channel 2	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 3	
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 4	
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 5	
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 6	
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 7	
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 8	
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 9	
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 10	
11	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 11	
12	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 12	
13	<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel 13	

< Back      Next >      Cancel

## Add Channels

Click the checkbox in the "Add" column for each channel that you want to add to this ARC-16. Note: adding a channel adds analog readings, control, and status.

## Channel Label

Enter a label to describe the analog readings. Note: control and status labels will be entered later.

## Units

Enter the units in which your analog readings are measured.

## Sample Meter

The sample meter will show you what your channel will look like in AutoPilot. You can use this to make sure your labels will fit in the space allowed. Note: Pressing the Raise and Lower buttons on the sample meter will move the needle from minimum to maximum.

*Press "Next" to continue.*

- ➔ Channel Properties
- ➔ Connection Details
- ➔ Add New Connection

# Channel Properties

**ARC-16 Wizard** Channel Properties

Set labels for Raise, Lower, and Status. To change the status color, click on the color swatch.

Sample

Filaments

10000

0 Volts

On

Raise

Lower

Select a channel: 1

Raise Label: Raise Duration: 1.0

Lower Label: Lower Duration: 1.0

Status On Label: On Color: [Swatch]

Status Off Label: Off Color: [Swatch]

Log status changes

< Back Next > Cancel

## Select a Channel

To edit a channel, choose the channel you want from the drop down list.

## Raise and Lower Labels

You can change the labels for Raise and Lower. These labels will appear in AutoPilot, and will be used when logging commands.

## Raise and Lower Duration

Enter the duration of the command. The duration can be from 0.5 to 28 seconds.

## Status On/Off Labels

Enter labels for status on and off. These labels will appear next to the status LED in AutoPilot, and in your logs.

## Status On/Off Colors

You can also change the color of the status LED for on and off. Click on the color swatch to pick the color you want.

## Log Status Changes

Check this box to have AutoPilot log each time the status of this channel changes.

*Press "Next" to continue.*

- ➔ Meter Properties
- ➔ Add Channels

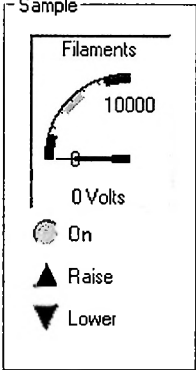
# Meter Properties

ARC-16 Wizard ? | X

### Meter Properties

Specify the minimum and maximum values for the meter. To customize the colors, click on the color swatch.

Sample



0 Volts

On

▲ Raise

▼ Lower

Select a channel:

Meter Color 1:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ends at:	10000
Meter Color 2:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ends at:	<input type="text" value="8000"/>
Meter Color 3:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ends at:	<input type="text" value="6000"/>
Meter Color 4:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ends at:	<input type="text" value="4000"/>
Meter Color 5:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ends at:	<input type="text" value="2000"/>
Minimum Value:	<input type="text" value="0"/>		
Maximum Value:	<input type="text" value="10000"/>		

## Select a Channel

Select the channel that you want to edit from the drop down list.

## Meter Colors

Click on a color swatch to change the color. The meter colors are numbered top to bottom. You can use up to five colors, but to use fewer, set the "Ends at" value to be greater than or equal to the maximum value. For example, if you want your meter to range from 0 to 100 and use two colors, set the ends at value of colors 3-5 to equal the minimum value, and set color 2 to any value between 0 and 100.

## "Ends at"

The "Ends at" field determines the value at which the meter color ends. The range of values is -1,000 to 10,000. Meter Color 1 is always set to 10,000, since this is the highest value allowed.

## Minimum Value

Enter the minimum value for the meter. If a reading is below the minimum value, the meter will point directly to the left, but still display the correct value.

## Maximum Value

Enter the maximum value for the meter. If a reading is above the maximum value, the meter will point directly up, but still display the correct value.

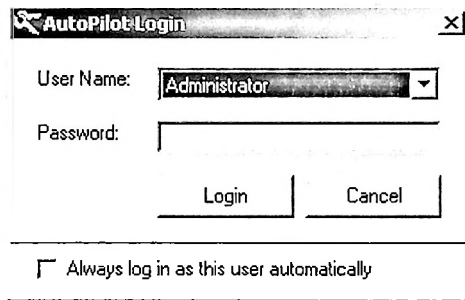
*Press "Next" to continue to the final page of the wizard. Press "Finish" to add this ARC-16 to AutoPilot.*

## ← Channel Properties



# Logging In

When AutoPilot starts, you will be prompted to log in.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "AutoPilot Login". It features a "User Name:" label followed by a dropdown menu currently displaying "Administrator". Below this is a "Password:" label followed by an empty text input field. At the bottom of the main area are two buttons: "Login" and "Cancel". Below the main area is a checkbox labeled "Always log in as this user automatically", which is currently unchecked.

Select your user name from the drop down list, and enter your password in the Password field. Click Login to continue. If you entered your password incorrectly, you will be prompted to log in again. Click Cancel to close AutoPilot. Note: you can not run AutoPilot without logging in.

## Auto Login

Check the "Always log in as this user automatically" box to enable AutoLogin. When AutoPilot starts, it will automatically log in using the user name and password that you entered. Note: this feature can be turned off from the Options dialog.

## Logging Off

You can log off of AutoPilot by clicking on "Log off..." in the File menu. After logging off, you will be prompted to log in as a different user with the Login dialog.

# Connecting to your ARC-16

When AutoPilot connects to an ARC-16, it will also talk to all of the other units in the group - allowing you to control up to four ARCs with one connection. You must add a connection to at least one ARC in the group before you can connect. You can add connections in the ARC-16 Wizard, or from the Edit menu.

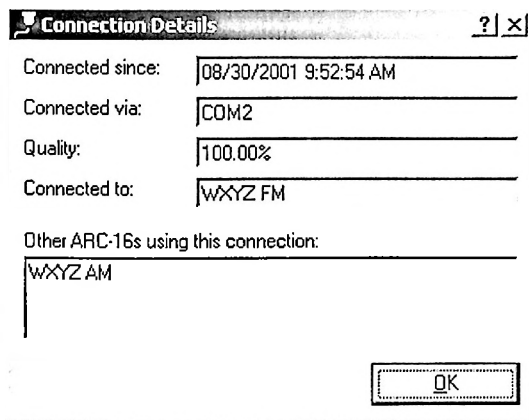
## Establish a Connection



Click on the tab for the ARC-16 that you want to connect to, or any other ARC-16 in the same group. To connect, click "Connect" from the toolbar or File menu. If you have a "default" connection, AutoPilot will use that connection. Otherwise, you will be prompted to choose from a list of connections for the group. If you want to override to default, click "Connect Using..." to see the list of connections.

## Connection Details

To view the Connection Details dialog, click "Connection Details" from the View menu.



### Connected since

The connected since field shows the date and time that the connection was established.

### Connected via

Connected via shows the COM Port or modem that AutoPilot is using for the connection.

### Quality

The quality field indicates how stable or "clean" the connection is. The field shows a percentage - 100% indicating a flawless connection. This value is actually the percentage of readable or "good" packets received from the ARC-16. If some packets are unreadable, you will see a value of less than 100%. If you see a low value, for example 75%, this means that AutoPilot is unable to read 25% of the data being reported by the ARC. This also means that if you issue a command, there is a 25% chance that the ARC will not receive it. Poor connection quality may be the result of a bad null modem cable or a noisy phone line.

**Connected to**

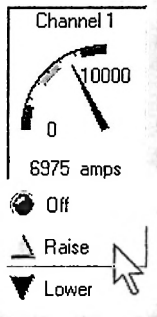
This shows which ARC-16 you are connected to directly.

**Other ARC-16s using this connection**

This list includes the other ARC-16s in the group that are connected through the unit in the "connected to" field.

# Commands

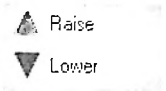
To issue a raise or lower command, just click on the command button, as seen below:



The command will be issued using the duration that you set in the ARC-16 Wizard. Note: both of the command buttons for this channel will be "locked out" for the duration of the command. You can still issue commands to other channels, though.

When a command is issued, it is logged in the Event Log.

## If the command is locked out...



Commands will be "locked out" under the following circumstances:

- You are not connected to the ARC.
- You just issued a command to this channel and the duration has not yet elapsed.
- Your ARC-16 is in Maintenance Mode.
- You do not have permission to issue commands.

# Navigation and ARC-16 Status

## Navigating between ARC-16s

To switch from one ARC-16 to another, use the tab located below the toolbar.



## ARC-16 Status Indicators

Each ARC-16 is shown with a status indicator. This will indicate the connection, alarm, and maintenance mode status.

- Not connected
- Connected
- Connected with an active alarm
- Maintenance mode
- Maintenance mode with an active alarm

# Menus, Toolbar, and Status bar

## Menus

### File

Menu Item	Description
<i>New ARC-16</i>	Opens the ARC-16 Wizard to add a new ARC.
<i>Connect</i>	Connects using the default connection for the group. If no default is defined, the connection list will be displayed.
<i>Connect Using</i>	Displays the connection list.
<i>Print Report</i>	Opens the Report Writer.
<i>Export Data</i>	Opens the export dialog.
<i>Clear Alarms</i>	Clears all alarms on the currently selected ARC-16.
<i>Log Off</i>	Logs off the current user and displays the Login dialog.
<i>Exit</i>	Closes AutoPilot.

### Edit

Menu Item	Description
<i>Edit ARC-16</i>	Opens the ARC-16 Wizard to edit the settings for the currently selected ARC.
<i>Connections</i>	Opens the Edit Connections dialog.
<i>Groups</i>	Opens the Edit Groups dialog.
<i>Delete ARC-16</i>	Deletes the currently selected ARC-16.
<i>Calendars</i>	Opens the Calendars dialog.
<i>Users</i>	Opens the Edit Users dialog.
<i>Change AutoPilot Password</i>	Allows the user who is logged in to change his or her AutoPilot password.
<i>ARC-16 Display Order</i>	Opens the ARC-16 Display Order dialog.

### View

Menu Item	Description
<i>Events</i>	Displays the Event List.
<i>Alarm History</i>	Displays the Alarm History List.
<i>Active Alarms</i>	Opens the Active Alarms dialog.
<i>Connection Details</i>	Opens the Connection Details dialog.

### Tools
















Menu Item	Description
<i>Enable Logging</i>	Enables/disables logging.
<i>Scripts: Enable Scripts</i>	Enables/disables scripts.
<i>Scripts: Script Editor</i>	Opens the Script Editor.
<i>Scripts: Script Wizard</i>	Opens the Script Wizard.
<i>Scripts: Scheduler</i>	Displays the Script Scheduler.

<i>Options</i>	Displays the Options dialog.
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## Help

Menu Item	Description
<i>Contents</i>	Opens the help file and displays the Table of Contents.
<i>Index</i>	Opens the help file and displays the Index.
<i>Search</i>	Opens the help file and displays the Search page.
<i>About AutoPilot</i>	Shows the About dialog for AutoPilot.

## The Toolbar

Toolbar Item	Description
 <i>Log Off</i>	Logs off the current user and displays the Login dialog.
 <i>Connect</i>	Connects using the default connection for the group. If no default is defined, the connection list will be displayed.
 <i>Clear Alarms</i>	Clears all alarms on the currently selected ARC-16.
 <i>New ARC-16</i>	Opens the ARC-16 Wizard to add a new ARC.
 <i>ARC-16 Properties</i>	Opens the ARC-16 Wizard to edit the settings for the currently selected ARC.
 <i>Enable Logging</i>	Enables/disables logging.
 <i>Report Writer</i>	Opens the Report Writer.
 <i>Event List</i>	Displays the Event List.
 <i>Alarm History</i>	Displays the Alarm History List.
 <i>Enable Scripts</i>	Enables/disables scripts.
 <i>Script Editor</i>	Opens the Script Editor.
 <i>Script Wizard</i>	Opens the Script Wizard.
 <i>Script Scheduler</i>	Displays the Script Scheduler.
 <i>Edit Calendars</i>	Opens the Calendars dialog.
 <i>Help</i>	Opens the help file and displays the Table of Contents.

## The Status Bar

 No Alarms	Ready	Maint Mode	Administrator	9:29 AM	09/05/2001
--	-------	------------	---------------	---------	------------

Item	Description
<i>Alarm LED</i>	This LED will be bright red if there is at least one active alarm. The LED will be dim if there are no alarms.
<i>Alarm Description</i>	The description will explain what type of alarm most recently occurred, and on what ARC and channel. "No Alarms" will be displayed if there are no active alarms.
<i>Status</i>	This field will display the status of a time consuming operation (such as "Connecting..."). It will display "Ready" when there is no activity.
<i>Maintenance Mode</i>	"Maint Mode" will appear if the current ARC is in maintenance mode, otherwise it will appear dimmed.
<i>Current User</i>	Shows which user is presently logged in.

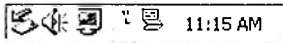
<i>Time</i>	Shows the current time.
<i>Date</i>	Shows today's date.




# Logging

AutoPilot will log each ARC-16 for which you enabled logging during configuration. AutoPilot will also log status changes (for channels on which this feature is enabled), alarms, and events.

To enable logging, click "Enable Logging" from the Tools menu in AutoPilot. Notice the logging icon in the Windows Tray:



 Logging icon

When logging is disabled, the logging icon will appear with a red line through it. Note: you can enable/disable logging by right-clicking on this icon in the Tray.

AutoPilot will continue to log after you close the program (the logging icon will remain in the Tray). This allows you to log without leaving AutoPilot open all the time. If you want to stop logging and close the logging application, right-click on the logging icon in the Tray, and click on "Exit".

Note: if you are connected to any of your ARC-16s when you close AutoPilot, the logging application maintains those connections. If you are using a modem and want to free up the phone line, be sure to disconnect before closing AutoPilot.

## Connecting to ARC-16s for Logging

If AutoPilot needs to log an ARC that is not connected, it will connect to the ARC first, and disconnect when it is finished. Note: you must define a default connection for this feature to work.

If AutoPilot needs to use a modem that is already in use, it will prompt you to either disconnect the modem first, or cancel the log. If you are not at your computer when this prompt appears, AutoPilot will automatically disconnect the modem, dial the ARC-16 that it needs to log, and then re-connect the modem.

Note: AutoPilot can only disconnect/reconnect the modem if it is in use by AutoPilot, not by any other application (for example, if you are using your modem to connect to the Internet).

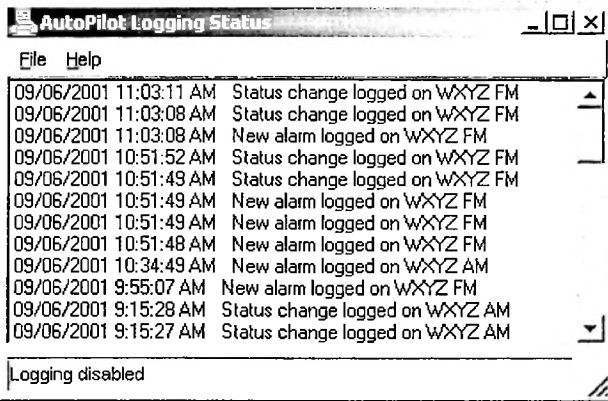
## Using One Modem for Multiple ARC-16s

AutoPilot can use one modem to log multiple ARC-16s that are not in the same group. To do this, define a modem connection to at least one ARC-16 in each group that you want to log. When AutoPilot needs to log one of these ARC-16s, it will use the modem to establish a connection, log each ARC in the group, and then disconnect - freeing up the modem to log another ARC.

Note: be careful not to configure AutoPilot to log at a very short interval (less than 10 minutes). Because a modem connection can take a minute or two, AutoPilot will not be able to log all of your sites quickly enough.

## Logging Status

To view logging status, double-click on the logging icon in the Tray.



The Logging Status dialog shows if logging is enable/disabled in its status bar, as well as all of the logging events.

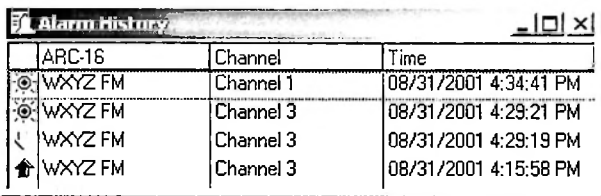
# Alarms

Options for handling alarms can be set using the Options dialog.

## Alarm Indicator Icons

- ☉ Status Alarm
- ↘ Low Alarm
- ↗ High Alarm

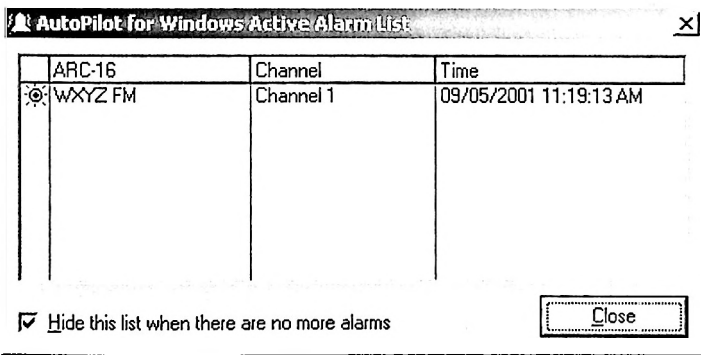
## Alarm History



ARC-16	Channel	Time
☉ WXYZ FM	Channel 1	08/31/2001 4:34:41 PM
☉ WXYZ FM	Channel 3	08/31/2001 4:29:21 PM
↘ WXYZ FM	Channel 3	08/31/2001 4:29:19 PM
↗ WXYZ FM	Channel 3	08/31/2001 4:15:58 PM

The Alarm History list shows all the alarms logged by AutoPilot.

## Active Alarms



ARC-16	Channel	Time
☉ WXYZ FM	Channel 1	09/05/2001 11:19:13 AM

Hide this list when there are no more alarms Close

The Active Alarms dialog shows all the alarms that are currently active. An alarm is active if the channel is still out of tolerance (above upper limit, below lower limit, or if the status is on).

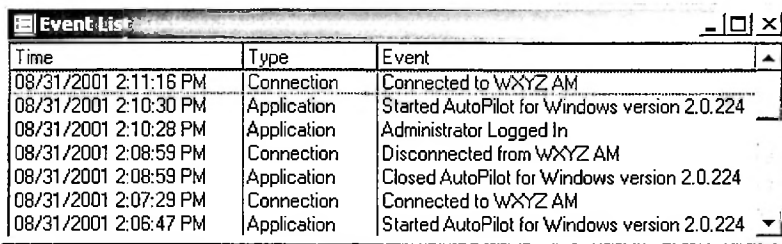
Check "Hide this list when there are no more alarms" if you want AutoPilot to close this dialog when there are no longer any active alarms.

## Clearing Alarms

To clear alarms on the ARC-16, click "Clear Alarms" from the File menu. Note: this will only clear alarms on the ARC-16 (the Clear light on the front panel of the unit will turn off). Alarms will still appear as "active" in AutoPilot until the channel is no longer out of tolerance.

# Events

To view the event list, click "Events..." from the View menu. To change settings for the events list, use the Options dialog.



Time	Type	Event
08/31/2001 2:11:16 PM	Connection	Connected to WXYZ AM
08/31/2001 2:10:30 PM	Application	Started AutoPilot for Windows version 2.0.224
08/31/2001 2:10:28 PM	Application	Administrator Logged In
08/31/2001 2:08:59 PM	Connection	Disconnected from WXYZ AM
08/31/2001 2:08:59 PM	Application	Closed AutoPilot for Windows version 2.0.224
08/31/2001 2:07:29 PM	Connection	Connected to WXYZ AM
08/31/2001 2:06:47 PM	Application	Started AutoPilot for Windows version 2.0.224

Events are categorized using eight Event Types

Event Type	Description
<i>Application</i>	Application events include logging on/off, and opening/closing the program.
<i>Connection</i>	Connection events report connecting, disconnecting, and answering calls.
<i>Commands</i>	Command events report Raise and Lower commands.
<i>Alarms</i>	Alarm events indicate that Clear Alarms was pressed.
<i>Logging</i>	Logging events indicate when logs are taken, and include failed logging connections.
<i>Scripts:</i>	Script events include enabling and disabling scripts, as well as error messages produced by scripts.
<i>Maint Mode</i>	Maint Mode events indicate that an ARC-16 went in to, or out of Maint Mode.
<i>Script Message</i>	Messages printed from scripts.

# Calendars

Calendars are used in scripts, usually to run operations specific to a certain time of day (such as sunrise or sunset). You can add as many calendars to AutoPilot as you desire. For each calendar, you can specify a time zone. All times are entered in Standard Time. AutoPilot will account for Daylight Saving Time when using calendar values (if the time entered is 5:00 AM for Pre-Sunrise, AutoPilot will interpret Pre-Sunrise as 6:00 AM during DST).

To add or edit a calendar, click "Calendars..." from the Edit menu.

## Adding a new Calendar

Calendar

Calendars:

Name:

Time Zone:

Enter times in Standard Time:

Month	Pre-Sunrise	Sunrise	Sunset	Post Sunset	User 1	User 2
January	05:00 AM	06:00 AM				
February						
March						
April						
May						
June						
July						
August						
September						
October						
November						
December						

1. Click the "New" button to create a new calendar.
2. Enter a name for the calendar in the Name field. This name will be used in scripts.
3. If the calendar is not for your local time zone, press the "..." button to open the time zone dialog.
4. Enter times (12 hour) for each field, using Standard Time.
5. Press Save to save your changes.

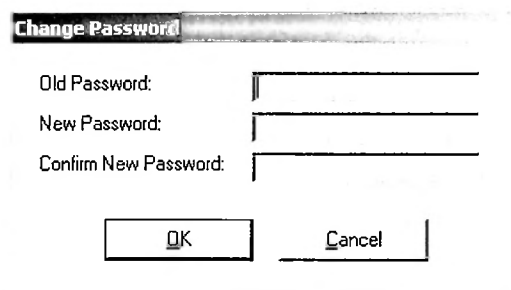
## Modifying a Calendar

To modify a calendar, select the calendar from the Calendars list. You can change the name, time zone, and the time fields.

To delete the calendar, select it from the list and click the "Delete" button on the dialog.

# Changing your Password

To change your AutoPilot password, click "Change Password" in the Edit menu.



**Change Password**

Old Password:

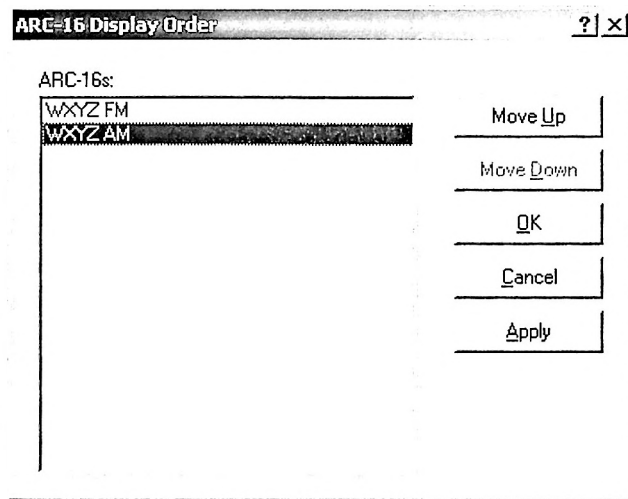
New Password:

Confirm New Password:

Enter your old password in the "Old Password" field. Enter a new password in the "New Password" and "Confirm New Password" fields. The password can be up to 16 characters long, and can be left blank if desired.

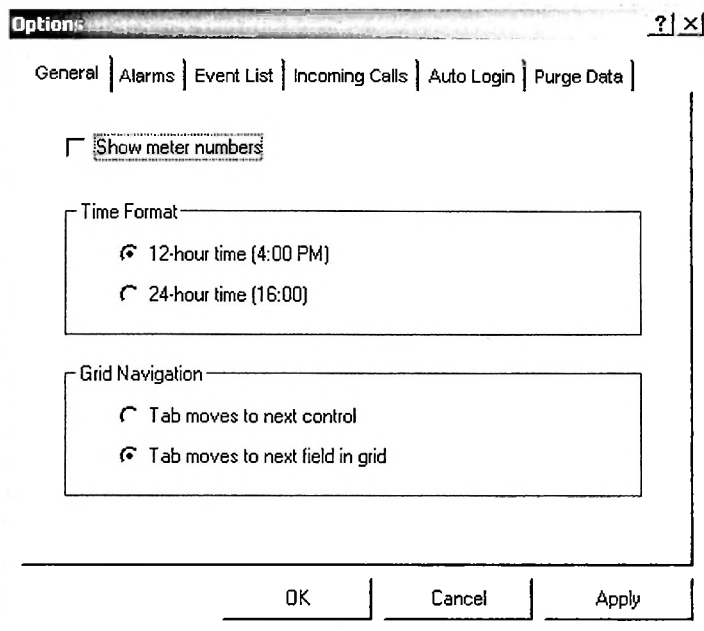
# ARC-16 Display Order

To change the order in which ARC-16s are displayed in AutoPilot, click "ARC-16 Display Order..." in the Edit menu.



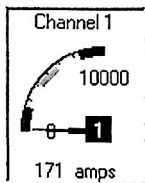
Select the ARC-16 that you want to move. Click Move Up or Move Down to rearrange the ARCs. Press OK or Apply to save your changes.

# General



## Show Meter Numbers

Click Show Meter Numbers to display the number of each meter, as seen below:



## Time Format

Choose either 12 or 24 hour time. AutoPilot will use this setting when you are prompted to enter times (such as in the [Calendar](#)).

## Grid Navigation

The Grid Navigation setting controls the behavior of the TAB key when using a grid in AutoPilot. The first option, "Tab moves to next control", will use the TAB key to move from the grid to the next field, button, or other control on the dialog/window. This option facilitates using the keyboard to enter data without needing the mouse to move to another field. The other option, "Tab moves to the next field in grid", uses the TAB key to move from field to field within the grid. When the last cell in the grid is reached, the TAB key will not move the cursor anywhere.

Note: the arrow keys can always be used to move from cell to cell in a grid.



# Alarm Options

Options [?] [X]

General | **Alarms** | Event List | Incoming Calls | Auto Login | Purge Data

When processing a new alarm:

Show Alarm History

Show Active Alarms

Play a sound

Sound file:  
C:\WINNT\MEDIA\IR\_BEGIN.WAV ... ▶ □

Number of alarms to show in Alarm History:

10 500 1000

OK Cancel Apply

## Show Alarm History

Check this box to show the Alarm History list when a new alarm is found.

## Show Active Alarms

Check this box to show the Active Alarms list when a new alarm is found.

## Play a sound

Check this box to play a sound when a new alarm is found (see below to choose a sound).

## Sound File

Click the "... " button to browse for a sound file on your computer. Press play to hear the sound.

## Number of alarms to show in Alarm History

Move the slider to set the number of alarms shown in the Alarm History list. The range is 10 to 1000.



# Incoming Calls

Options ? | X

General | Alarms | Event List | Incoming Calls | Auto Login | Purge Data

Check the modems that you want to answer incoming calls:

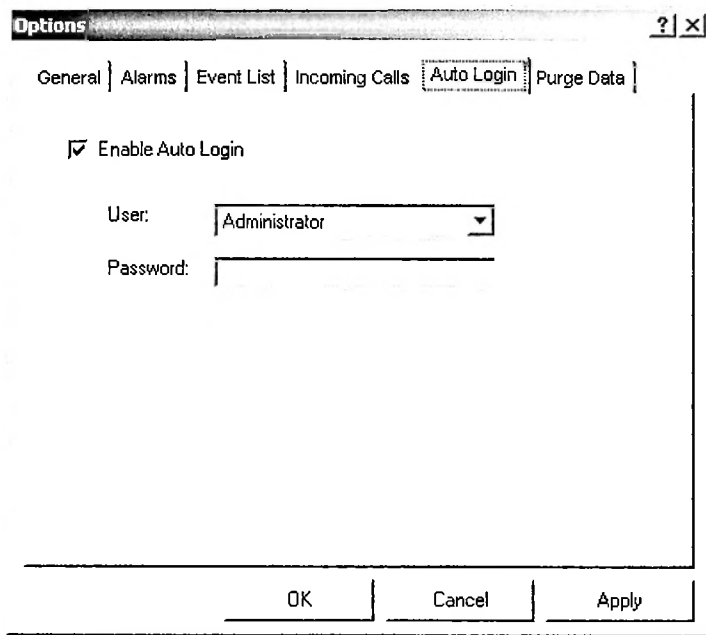
3Com Windows Modem PCI ADI

OK Cancel Apply

AutoPilot can answer incoming calls from an ARC-16 using your modem(s). To allow a modem to answering incoming calls, click the check box next to the modem name.

# Auto Login

Auto Login allows AutoPilot to log in as a specific user when the program starts, without prompting for a password.



The image shows a screenshot of a software dialog box titled "Options". The dialog has a tabbed interface with tabs for "General", "Alarms", "Event List", "Incoming Calls", "Auto Login", and "Purge Data". The "Auto Login" tab is selected. Inside the dialog, there is a checked checkbox labeled "Enable Auto Login". Below this, there are two input fields: "User:" with a dropdown menu showing "Administrator" and "Password:" with an empty text box. At the bottom of the dialog, there are three buttons: "OK", "Cancel", and "Apply".

## Enable Auto Login

Check this box to enable the Auto Login feature.

## User

Select the user that you want AutoPilot to use when logging in.

## Password

Enter the password for the user you selected.

# Purge Data

Options [?] [X]

General | Alarms | Event List | Incoming Calls | Auto Login | **Purge Data**

Check the data that you want to purge:

Telemetry after  days

Alarms after  days

Status after  days

Events after  days

Compact database every  days

**Note:** the purge settings require administrative privileges.

## Purge Settings

Click on the check box for each type of data that you want to purge. Enter the number of days after which AutoPilot should purge the data. If you enter 30 days for Telemetry, for example, you will never have any Telemetry records older than 30 days.

AutoPilot will purge old data when it starts up.

## Purge Now

Click the Purge Now button to run the purge immediately.

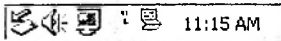
## Compacting the Database

Your database files must be compacted periodically to save disk space. AutoPilot will compact at startup, but this can take several seconds (depending on the size of your database files). Set the number of days after which AutoPilot should compact.

# Scripts

AutoPilot Scripts allow you to fully automate your sites using the power of Visual BASIC Script.

Scripts will run when Scripting is enabled. To enable scripting, click "Enable Scripts" from the [Tools/Scripts](#) menu. Notice the scripting icon in the Windows Tray:



## Script icon

When scripting is disabled, the script icon will appear with a red line through it. Note: you can enable/disable scripting by right-clicking on this icon in the Tray.

When you close AutoPilot, scripts will continue to run (the Script icon will remain in the Tray). This allows you to run scripts without leaving AutoPilot open all the time. If you want to stop scripts and close the scripting application, right-click on the script icon in the Tray, and click on "Exit".

Note: you can double-click on the script icon to open the [Script Scheduler](#).

Choose from the topics below to learn more:

- [Information on AutoPilot 1.x Functions](#) (for users of previous versions of AutoPilot)
- [Using the Script Wizard](#)
- [Modifying Wizard-Generated Scripts](#)
- [Using the Script Editor](#)
- [Setting the Script Schedule](#)
- [Using the Script Scheduler](#)
- [Script Errors](#)
- [Writing Scripts](#)
- [Sample Scripts](#)

# AutoPilot 1.x Functions

If you have used a 1.x version of AutoPilot, you are probably familiar with AutoPilot Functions. With AutoPilot 2.0, Functions are no longer used. Instead, AutoPilot uses a scripting language based on Visual BASIC Script (VBS). To make the transition from Functions to Scripts easier, the following will explain the Script equivalent to the old Functions.

Function	Script Equivalent
<i>If Function</i>	Use the GetScriptStatus command in an If statement.  <pre>If ScriptStatus(Script) = x Then ... End If</pre>
<i>If Date</i>	Use the VBS Date() function in an If statement.  <pre>If Date() = x Then ... End If</pre>
<i>If Time</i>	Use the VBS Time() function in an If statement.  <pre>If Time() = x Then ... End If</pre>
<i>If Day</i>	Use the VBS DatePart() Function in an If statement.  <pre>If DatePart("w", Now()) = x Then ... End If</pre>
<i>If Value</i>	Use the Value command in an If statement.  <pre>If Value(Site, Channel) = x Then ... End If</pre>
<i>If New Value</i>	Use the NewValue command in an If statement.  <pre>If NewValue(Site, Channel) = x Then ... End If</pre>
<i>If Status</i>	Use the Status command in an If statement.  <pre>If Status(Site, Channel) = x Then ... End If</pre>
<i>If New Status</i>	Use the NewStatus command in an If statement.  <pre>If NewStatus(Site, Channel) = x Then ... End If</pre>
<i>If Memory</i>	Use a variable in an If statement.  <pre>Dim MyVar If MyVar = x Then ... End If</pre>

<i>Set Function</i>	To run a script, use RunScript. To stop a script, use StopScript.
<i>Set Memory</i>	Use a <u>variable</u> .  Dim MyVar MyVar = x
<i>Increment</i>	Use a <u>variable</u> .  Dim MyVar MyVar = MyVar + 1
<i>Decrement</i>	Use a <u>variable</u> .  Dim MyVar MyVar = MyVar - 1
<i>Raise</i>	Use the Raise command.
<i>Lower</i>	Use the Lower command.
<i>Wait</i>	Use the Wait command.
<i>Goto Step</i>	Use a sub <u>routine</u> .  Call MySub  Sub MySub () ... End Sub
<i>Message</i>	Use the Message command.
<i>Print Value</i>	Use the Message command.  Message Value(Site, Channel)
<i>Print Status</i>	Use the Message command.  Message Status(Site, Channel)
<i>Print Logline</i>	Use the TakeLog command.
<i>Connect</i>	Use the Connect command.
<i>Disconnect</i>	Use the Disconnect command.
<i>End</i>	Use the EndScript command.  Note: you do not always need to use EndScript; a script will end after executing its last line of code.



# Script Wizard

The Script Wizard can help you generate scripts for some common tasks:

- Transmitter Power Trim
- Transmitter Restart
- Transmitter Powerup
- Pattern/Power Change
- Antenna Monitoring
- Tower Light
- Main to Aux
- Site Power Loss Recovery

To launch the wizard, click "Script Wizard..." from the Tools/Scripts menu.

Script Wizard

Choose a script template from the list, and give your script a name.

AutoPilot

Choose a template:  
Transmitter Power Trim

Script Name:  
Transmitter Power Trim

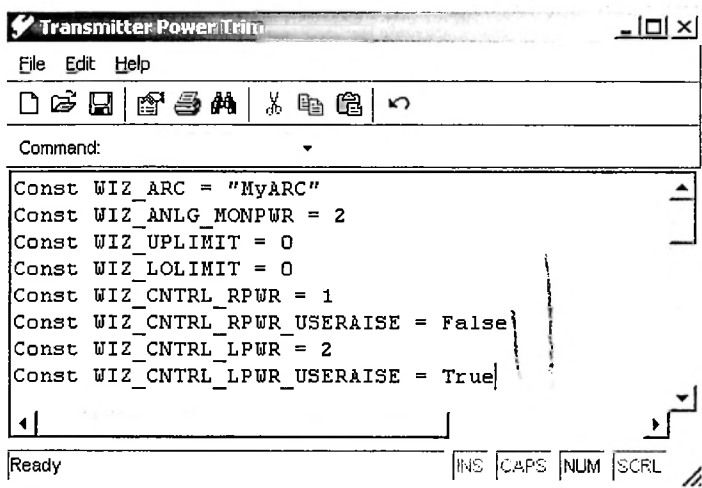
< Back   Next >   Cancel

Select the template that you want to use, and enter a name for the script. Press Next, and follow the instructions on each page to tailor the script to your needs. When the wizard is complete, you will have the option to open the script in the Editor, if you want to make any changes. For help editing the script, see Modifying a Wizard-Generated Script.

Note: When you save a script from the Wizard, it will begin to run right away if scripts are enabled. If you want to edit the script before it runs, save it to another folder on your computer, or disable scripts before saving.

# Modifying Wizard-Generated Scripts

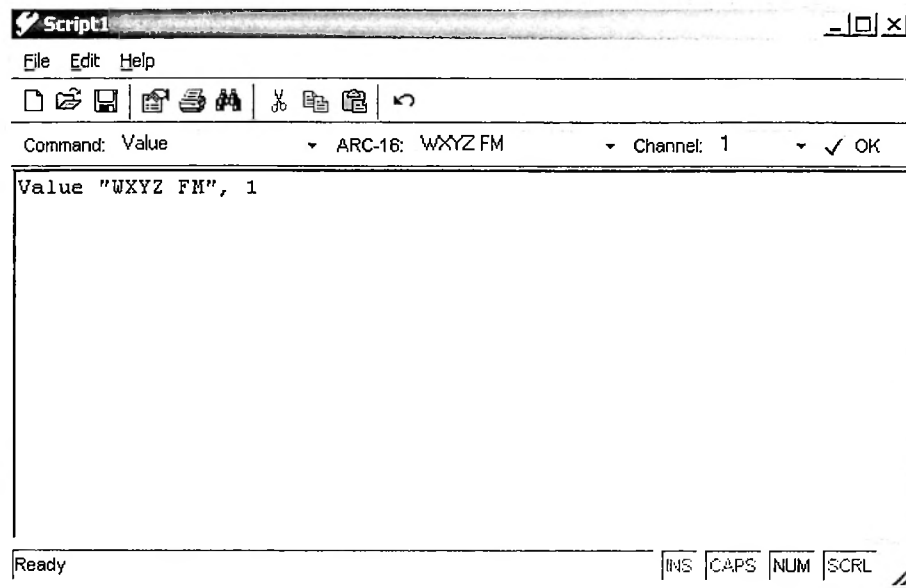
To modify a script that was generated by the [Script Wizard](#), open the script in the [Script Editor](#). The wizard-generated script looks just like any other script, but includes a list of [Constants](#) at the top.



These constants reflect the settings you entered in the Wizard. You can edit the constant values if you want to change which ARC-16 or Channel the script uses. You can also add any additional code to the script, or remove code added by the Wizard.

# Using the Script Editor

To open the script editor, click "Script Editor..." from the Tools/Scripts menu.



## Using the Code Builder

The Code Builder Toolbar will help generate script code using AutoPilot Script Commands (so you don't have to memorize the syntax for every command).

Start by picking the command from the "Command" drop down list. The other fields on the toolbar will change depending on which command you selected. Fill in the fields, and press the "OK" button on the toolbar to add the code.

## Script Schedule Properties

Click "Properties" from the File menu to change the schedule properties of the script. See [Scheduling Scripts](#) for more information.

## Saving your Script

Click "Save" or "Save As..." from the File menu to save your script.

Note: Unless your script is scheduled to Idle, it will begin to run right away (as long as scripts are enabled). If you do not want the script to run yet, save it to another folder on your computer or disable scripts in AutoPilot.

# Scheduling Scripts

Scripts can be schedule to run in five different ways:

- On demand only (Idle)
- Continuously
- At a certain interval
- At a certain time
- Between certain times

To set the schedule, open the Script Properties dialog from the Script Scheduler or Script Editor. Choose the type of schedule from the options shown below:

Script Properties

Name: Script1

Run this script:

on demand only     at a certain time

continuously     between certain times

at a certain interval

OK

Cancel

Apply

Help

## On Demand Only (Idle)

The script will only run if run from the Script Scheduler or if RunScript is used to start it from another script.

## Continuous

The script will run in a loop. After the script runs, there is a break (about five seconds), and then it will run again. The script will continue running until the schedule is changed.

## Interval

The script will run after a certain interval has elapsed.

Interval

1

Minutes     Hours

To set the interval, choose either Minutes or Hours, and enter the interval in the field.

## Specific Time

The script will only run at the time selected (accurate to the minute).

Schedule

Specific Time: 3:33 PM

Use Calendar:

Time:

Daily     Sunday     Thursday

Monday     Friday

Tuesday     Saturday

Wednesday

The script can be set to run at a specific time, or a calendar time. If using a calendar time, you must select the calendar that you want to use, as well as the time (Sunrise, Sunset, etc).

The script can run every day, or only on certain days. Check the days of the week on which you want the script to run.

### Between Times

The script will run only if it is between the times selected.

Begin running script at

Specific Time: 2:33 PM

Use Calendar:

Time:

Stop running script at

Specific Time: 2:33 PM

Use Calendar:

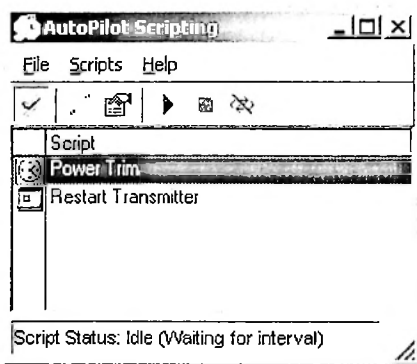
Time:

For both the start and stop times, either a specific time or a calendar time can be used. If using a calendar time, you must select the calendar that you want to use, as well as the time (Sunrise, Sunset, etc).

Note: if you want a script to start running before midnight, and stop running after midnight, AutoPilot will add one day to the stop time. For example, to run between 10:00 PM and 2:00 AM, just enter those times exactly as they are. AutoPilot will run the script if it is later than 10:00 PM *today* or earlier than 2:00 AM *tomorrow*.

# Using the Script Scheduler

To open the Script Scheduler, click "Scheduler..." from the [Tools/Scripts](#) menu.



## Script Status Icons

Status	Description
■ Off (Idle)	The script is not running.
▶ Running	The script is running.
↻ Loop Wait	The script is waiting to loop.
⏸ Paused	The script is paused (using <a href="#">Wait</a> ).
↻ Waiting to run between certain times	The script is scheduled to run between two times.
⌚ Waiting for Interval	The script is scheduled to run after a certain interval.
📅 Scheduled	The script is scheduled to run at a certain time.
📡 Data Wait	The script is waiting for data from an ARC-16 (using <a href="#">NewValue</a> or <a href="#">NewStatus</a> ).
🔗 Connecting	The script is connecting to an ARC-16 (using <a href="#">Connect</a> ).

## Running and Stopping Scripts

### Run

Select the script you want to run and click "Run" from the Scripts menu.

### Stop

Select the script you want to stop and click "Stop" from the Scripts menu. Note: this will not change the schedule of the script, it will just stop the script.

### Stop Looping

Select a script that is in Loop Wait and click "Stop Looping" from the Scripts menu. Note: this will not stop the script, but only prevent it from running again by changing its schedule to Idle. This allows you to stop a loop while still allowing the script to complete its current run.

## Scheduling Scripts

To change the schedule of a script, click "Schedule" from the Scripts menu. See [Scheduling Scripts](#) for more

information.

## Editing Scripts

Select the script that you want to edit and click "Edit" from the Scripts menu to open the Script Editor.

To delete the script, click "Delete" from the File menu.

## Adding New Scripts

You can add a script using the Editor or the Wizard from the File/New menu.

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# Script Errors

If an error occurs in your script, it will be logged in the Event Log. Your script will stop immediately after the error. Errors may be caused by VBS syntax errors, or by referencing invalid ARCs, channels, connections, etc.

Note: The Event Log will include the line number in your script that caused the error.

## Error Descriptions

Error	Cause
<i>Internal Error</i>	This is not actually a script error, but an error occurred in AutoPilot while running your script.
<i>ARC-16 not found</i>	Your script referred to an ARC-16 that does not exist in AutoPilot.
<i>Connection not found</i>	You used the <u>Connect</u> command and specified a connection that does not exist.
<i>Default connection not found</i>	You used the <u>Connect</u> command without specifying a <u>connection</u> , but there is no default connection defined for the group.
<i>Timeout</i>	A <u>Connect</u> , <u>NewStatus</u> , or <u>NewValue</u> command failed because it received no response from the ARC-16.
<i>Invalid channel</i>	You specified a channel that is outside of the allowed range (1-16).
<i>Calendar not found</i>	A calendar command (Sunrise, Sunset, etc.) referred to a calendar name that does not exist in AutoPilot.
<i>Script not found</i>	A script command ( <u>RunScript</u> , <u>StopScript</u> , etc.) referred to a script that does not exist

Note: a "not found" error may be caused by a spelling mistake.



# Writing Scripts

If you're not familiar with Visual BASIC Script, the tutorials below will get you started. The [Script Command](#) reference is especially useful, even if you already know VBS.

- [Microsoft Scripting Reference](#)
- [If Statements](#)
- [Variables and Constants](#)
- [Sub Routines](#)
- [Loops](#)
- [Date/Time Functions](#)
- [AutoPilot Script Commands](#)

# If Statements

Use the VBS If statement in a script to make a decision. The If statement follows this basic structure:

```
If [condition] Then
[action]
End If
```

## If...Then

Here is an example of a simple If statement that prints a message if an analog channel is over 1000.

Example

```
If Value("MyARC", 1) > 1000 Then
    Message "Channel 1 is above 1000"
End If
```

## Using Else

You can add an Else clause to give the If statement an alternative. This example prints ON if the status is on, but prints OFF otherwise.

Example

```
If Status("MyARC", 1) = True Then
    Message "Channel 1 is ON"
Else
    Message "Channel 1 is Off"
End If
```

## Using Elseif

Use Elseif to write more complex statements. If the first condition fails, the second condition will be tested. You can still use Else to provide an alternative if your If and Elseif conditions fail. Note: you can use as many Elseif statements as you like.

This example tests an analog channel for a reading over 1000. If the reading is less than 1000, it tests for a reading of less than 0. If both of these conditions are false, the Else action will be used.

Example

```
If Value("MyARC", 1) > 1000 Then
    Message "Channel 1 is above 1000"
ElseIf Value("MyARC" 1) < 0 Then
    Message "Channel 1 is below 0"
Else
    Message "Channel 1 is between 0 and 1000"
End If
```

# Variables and Constants

You can use a variable to store data temporarily in a script. A variable can be changed while the script is running. A constant is like a variable, only it must be assigned a value when it is declared. Constants can *not* be changed, however.

## Declaring a variable

To declare a variable, use the Dim keyword, followed by the variable name. Note: variable names can be up to 255 characters long, and must be unique (you can not use the same variable name twice in one script).

To assign a value to a variable, just use the variable name followed by "=". Note: if the variable is going to hold text, you must use "quotes".

### Example

```
'Create a variable named MyVar, and set it to equal 0
Dim MyVar
MyVar = 0
```

```
'Add 1 to the variable
MyVar = MyVar + 1
```

```
'Assign the text "hello" to the variable
MyVar = "hello"
```

## Declaring a Constant

To declare a constant, use the Const keyword followed by the constant name, and assign it a value in the same step. Note: Constant names follow the same rules as variable names (see above).

### Example

```
'Create a constant named MyConst and set it to 100
Const MyConst = 100
```

Note: it is a good idea to use constants in your scripts when dealing with unchanging values, such as ARC-16 names.

### Example

```
'Use a constant to represent an ARC-16 named "WXZY FM Backup"
Const MyARC = "WXYZ FM Backup"
```

```
'Raise channel 1 on this ARC
Raise MyARC, 1
```

# Functions and Subs

Functions and Subs are used to encapsulate code in your script that you can run from elsewhere inside the script. This is useful if you want to perform the same action in different places in your script.

## Subs

To declare a sub, use the Sub keyword followed by a unique name for the sub. Your sub must end with "End Sub." Here is the format of a sub:

```
Sub SubName(Parameter1, Parameter2, ...)
[action]
End Sub
```

You can use as many parameters as you want, or none at all. To run a sub, use Call followed by the name of the sub.

### Example

```
Sub MySub(MyParameter)
  Message MyParameter
End Sub
```

```
'This will write a message with the text "hello"
Call MySub("hello")
```

## Functions

A function is just like a sub, only it "returns" a result. To assign the return value, include a statement like this:

```
FunctionName = Value
```

### Example

```
Function MyFunction(MyParameter)
  MyFunction = MyParameter + 1
End Function
```

```
'This will write a message with the text "2"
Message MyFunction(1)
```

# Loops

You can use loops to repeat a section of code. See [Microsoft Scripting Technologies](#) for a complete reference on loops. This section will cover "Do Loops". The basic structure of a Do Loop is:

```
Do  
[action]  
Loop
```

You must be sure to give your loop a way to stop. Otherwise, it will run forever! Three ways of doing this are illustrated below:

## Do While ... Loop

This kind of loop will run while a condition is true. Note: if the condition is false when the loop starts, your action(s) will *not* run.

### Example

```
'Raise a channel while its value is less than 1000  
Do While NewValue("MyARC", 1) < 1000  
    Raise "MyARC", 1  
Loop
```

## Do ... Loop Until

This loop will run until a condition is true. Unlike the previous example, however, it will always run at least once.

### Example

```
'Raise a channel until its status is On.  
Do  
    Raise "MyARC", 1  
Loop Until NewStatus("MyARC", 1) = True
```

## Exit Do

You can also stop a loop by including an "Exit Do" statement inside of the loop.

### Example

```
'Raise a channel, but stop the loop if the ARC-16 is disconnected  
Do  
    Raise "MyARC", 1  
  
    If IsConnected("MyARC") = False Then  
        Exit Do  
    End If  
Loop
```

# Date/Time Functions

VBS includes many functions dealing with date and time. For a complete reference, see [Microsoft Scripting Technologies](#). Here are just some of these functions:

## Using Literal Date/Time

To use a date or time "literally" in a script, you must begin and end the value with the pound sign (#). For example:

```
#1/1/2002#  
#January 1, 2002#  
#1:00 PM#  
#13:00#  
#1/1/2002 1:00 PM#
```

## Now

### Description

Returns the current date and time.

### Example

```
'Print a message with the current date/time  
Message Now()
```

## Date

### Description

Returns the current date.

### Example

```
'Print a message with current date  
Message Date()
```

## Time

### Description

Returns the current time.

### Example

```
'See if it is after 5:00  
If Time() > #5:00 PM# Then  
...  
End If
```

# AutoPilot Script Commands

## ARC-16 Commands

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<u>ARCTime</u>	Converts current time to the time zone used by the ARC-16.
<u>Connect</u>	Connects to an ARC-16, and (optionally) the other ARCs in the group.
<u>Disconnect</u>	Disconnects from an ARC-16 and all other ARCs in the group.
<u>IsConnected</u>	Determines if the ARC-16 is already connected.
<u>IssueCommand</u>	Sends a Raise or Lower command.
<u>Raise</u>	Sends a Raise command.
<u>Lower</u>	Sends a Lower command.
<u>Status</u>	Gets the Status of a Channel.
<u>Value</u>	Gets the Analog Value of a Channel.
<u>NewStatus</u>	Gets the Status of a Channel after waiting for a new reading.
<u>NewValue</u>	Gets the Analog Value of a channel after waiting for a new reading.

## Calendar Dates

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<u>PreSunrise</u>	Gets the Pre-Sunrise time from a Calendar.
<u>Sunrise</u>	Gets the Sunrise time from a Calendar.
<u>Sunset</u>	Gets the Sunset time from a Calendar.
<u>PostSunset</u>	Gets the Post Sunset time from a Calendar.
<u>User1</u>	Gets the User 1 time from a Calendar.
<u>User2</u>	Gets the User 2 time from a Calendar.

## Script Commands

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<u>GetScriptStatus</u>	Gets the status of a <u>script</u> .
<u>RunScript</u>	Runs a script.
<u>StopScript</u>	Stops a script.
<u>UnScheduleScript</u>	Sets a script to "Idle."

## Other Commands

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<u>Wait</u>	Pauses for a number of milliseconds.
<u>Message</u>	Writes a message to the Event Log.
<u>TakeLog</u>	Takes a log.
<u>EndScript</u>	Stops the script.

# ARCTime

## Description

Use the ARCTime command to convert the current time to the time zone used by the ARC-16. If your ARC is in your local time zone, you will not need this command.

For example: if you are in EST, and your ARC-16 is in CST, at 5:00 Eastern ARCTime will return 4:00.

## Syntax

ARCTime(*ARCName*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use "quotes")

## Return

ARCTime returns a time value.

## Example

```
'See if it is past Sunrise in the ARC's time zone:  
If ARCTime("MyARC") > Sunrise("MyCalendar") Then  
...  
End If
```



# Connect

## Description

Connects to an ARC-16, and optionally to all the other ARCs in that group.

## Syntax

`Connect(ARCName, Connection, ConnectAll)`

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 to which you want to connect (use quotes).
<i>Connection</i>	(Optional) Name of the connection that you want to use (use quotes). Leave blank to use the default connection.
<i>ConnectAll</i>	(Optional) Use True to connect to all the other ARCs in the group; otherwise use False. If left blank, True is assumed.

## Return

The Connect command will return a message indicating the status of the connection:

- "Connected"
- "Bad Password"
- "Incorrect Serial Number"
- "Busy Signal"
- "Connection Canceled"
- "Device Not Found"
- "Communication Error"
- "No Answer"
- "No Dialtone"
- "No Response From ARC-16"

## Example

```
'Connect to MyARC using MyConnection, and connect all the other ARCs in the group:  
Connect "MyARC", "MyConnection", True
```

# Disconnect

## Description

Disconnects from the ARC-16 specified, as well as all other ARCs in the group.

## Syntax

Disconnect(*ARCName*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).

## Example

```
'Disconnect from MyARC  
Disconnect "MyARC"
```

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# IsConnected

## Description

Use IsConnected to determine if AutoPilot is already connected to your ARC-16.

## Syntax

IsConnected(*ARCName*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).

## Return

IsConnected will return True or False.

## Example

```
'If not already connected, run the Connect command
If Not IsConnected("MyARC") Then
    Connect("MyARC")
End If
```

# IssueCommand

## Description

Sends a Raise or Lower command to the ARC-16.

## Syntax

IssueCommand(*ARCName*, *Channel*, *UseRaise*, *Duration*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).
<i>Channel</i>	Channel Number
<i>UseRaise</i>	True for Raise, False for Lower.
<i>Duration</i>	(Optional) Duration of the command in seconds (can use decimal). If left blank, 1 second is used.

## Example

```
'Send a Raise command to MyARC channel 12 for 3 seconds  
IssueCommand "MyARC", 12, True, 3
```

# Raise

## Description

Issues the Raise command to the ARC.

## Syntax

Raise(*ARCName*, *Channel*, *Duration*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).
<i>Channel</i>	Channel Number
<i>Duration</i>	(Optional) Duration of the command in seconds (can use decimal). If left blank, 1 second is used.

## Example

```
'Raise Channel 1 on MyARC for 2.5 seconds  
Raise "MyARC", 1, 2.5
```

# Lower

## Description

Issues the Lower command to the ARC.

## Syntax

*Lower(ARCName, Channel, Duration)*

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).
<i>Channel</i>	Channel Number
<i>Duration</i>	(Optional) Duration of the command in seconds (can use decimal). If left blank, 1 second is used.

## Example

```
'Lower Channel 1 on MyARC for 2.5 seconds  
Lower "MyARC", 1, 2.5
```

# Status

## Description

Reads the status of a channel on the ARC-16.

## Syntax

Status(*ARCName*, *Channel*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).
<i>Channel</i>	Channel Number

## Return

The Status command will return True if the channel is on, or False if it is off.

## Example

```
'Issue a lower command if Channel 8 on MyARC is on.  
If Status("MyARC", 8) = True Then  
    Lower("MyARC", 8)  
End If
```

# Value

## Description

Returns the analog value of the channel specified.

## Syntax

Value(*ARCName*, *Channel*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).
<i>Channel</i>	Channel Number

## Return

The Value command will return a number, which can contain a decimal point.

## Example

```
'Issue a raise command to Channel 1 on MyARC if the value is greater than 10.5
If Value("MyARC", 1) > 10.5 Then
    Raise("MyARC", 1)
End If
```



# NewStatus

## Description

NewStatus is just like Status, only it waits for a new reading from the ARC-16 rather than using the last reading received. It may take several seconds for NewStatus to return a value.

Note: NewStatus is best used when you are waiting for the result of another action. For example, if you issue a Raise command to turn a channel on, use NewStatus to see if the command was successful.

## Syntax

NewStatus(*ARCName*, *Channel*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).
<i>Channel</i>	Channel Number

## Return

The NewStatus command will wait for a reading from the ARC-16, and then return True if the channel is on, or False if it is off.

## Example

```
'Issue a raise command to turn on Channel 4 on MyARC.  
'Then issue a raise command to channel 5 if it was successful:  
Raise("MyARC", 4)  
If NewStatus("MyARC", 4) = True Then  
    Raise("MyARC", 5)  
End If
```

# NewValue

## Description

NewValue is just like Value, only it waits for a new reading from the ARC-16 rather than using the last reading received. It may take several seconds for NewValue to return the channel's analog value.

Note: NewValue is best used when you are waiting for the result of another action. For example, if you issue a Raise command to increase the value of a channel, use NewValue to see if the command was successful.

## Syntax

`NewValue(ARCName, Channel)`

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).
<i>Channel</i>	Channel Number

## Return

The NewValue command will return a number, which can contain a decimal point.

## Example

```
'Use a Loop to raise a Channel 1 on MyARC until it is greater than 1000.  
Do Until NewValue("MyARC", 1) > 1000  
  Raise("MyARC", 1)  
Loop
```

# PreSunrise

## Description

PreSunrise returns the "Pre-Sunrise" value of a calendar.

Note: All calendar functions will convert the time to your local time zone, and automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time. This is done so that you can compare times without having to worry about time zones.

## Syntax

PreSunrise(*Calendar*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Calendar</i>	Name of the calendar (use quotes).

## Return

Returns a time value, which is converted to your local time zone.

## Example

```
'See if it is after PreSunrise using MyCalendar  
If Now() > PreSunrise("MyCalendar") Then  
...  
End If
```

# Sunrise

## Description

Sunrise returns the "Sunrise" value of a calendar.

Note: All calendar functions will convert the time to your local time zone, and automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time. This is done so that you can compare times without having to worry about time zones.

## Syntax

Sunrise(*Calendar*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Calendar</i>	Name of the calendar (use quotes).

## Return

Returns a time value, which is converted to your local time zone.

## Example

```
'See if it is after Sunrise using MyCalendar  
If Now() > Sunrise("MyCalendar") Then  
...  
End If
```

# Sunset

## Description

Sunset returns the "Sunset" value of a calendar.

Note: All calendar functions will convert the time to your local time zone, and automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time. This is done so that you can compare times without having to worry about time zones.

## Syntax

Sunset(*Calendar*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Calendar</i>	Name of the calendar (use quotes).

## Return

Returns a time value, which is converted to your local time zone.

## Example

```
'See if it is after Sunset using MyCalendar  
If Now() > Sunset("MyCalendar") Then  
...  
End If
```

# PostSunset

## Description

PostSunset returns the "Post Sunset" value of a calendar.

Note: All calendar functions will convert the time to your local time zone, and automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time. This is done so that you can compare times without having to worry about time zones.

## Syntax

PostSunset(*Calendar*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Calendar</i>	Name of the calendar (use quotes).

## Return

Returns a time value, which is converted to your local time zone.

## Example

```
'See if it is after PostSunset using MyCalendar
If Now() > PostSunset("MyCalendar") Then
...
End If
```

# User1

## Description

User1 returns the "User 1" value of a calendar.

Note: All calendar functions will convert the time to your local time zone, and automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time. This is done so that you can compare times without having to worry about time zones.

## Syntax

User1(*Calendar*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Calendar</i>	Name of the calendar (use quotes).

## Return

Returns a time value, which is converted to your local time zone.

## Example

```
'See if it is after User 1 time using MyCalendar  
If Now() > User1("MyCalendar") Then  
...  
End If
```

# User2

## Description

User2 returns the "User 2" value of a calendar.

Note: All calendar functions will convert the time to your local time zone, and automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time. This is done so that you can compare times without having to worry about time zones.

## Syntax

User2(*Calendar*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Calendar</i>	Name of the calendar (use quotes).

## Return

Returns a time value, which is converted to your local time zone.

## Example

```
'See if it is after User 2 time using MyCalendar  
If Now() > User2("MyCalendar") Then  
...  
End If
```



# GetScriptStatus

## Description

Returns the status of a script.

## Syntax

GetScriptStatus(*Script*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Script</i>	Name of the Script (use quotes).

## Return

GetScriptStatus will return one of the following statuses:

- "Off"
- "Running"
- "Scheduled"
- "Looping"
- "Paused"
- "DataWait"
- "Connecting"

## Example

```
'If the script MyScript is off, run it"  
If GetScriptStatus("MyScript") = "Off" Then  
    RunScript "MyScript"  
End If
```

# RunScript

## Description

Runs a script.

## Syntax

RunScript(*Script*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Script</i>	Name of the Script (use quotes).

## Example

```
'Run MyScript  
RunScript "MyScript"
```

---

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# StopScript

## Description

Immediately stops a running script. Note: if the script is looping, you must use UnScheduleScript to prevent it from running again.

## Syntax

StopScript(*Script*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Script</i>	Name of the Script (use quotes).

## Example

```
'Stop MyScript  
StopScript "MyScript"
```

# UnScheduleScript

## Description

Changes the script's schedule to "Idle." Use this on a script that is looping to prevent it from running again. Note: UnScheduleScript will not actually stop a script, use StopScript to stop the script immediately.

## Syntax

UnScheduleScript(*Script*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Script</i>	Name of the Script (use quotes).

## Example

```
'UnSchedule MyScript  
UnScheduleScript "MyScript"
```

# Wait

## Description

Pauses the script for the specified number of milliseconds.

## Syntax

*Wait(Duration)*

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>Duration</i>	Number of milliseconds to wait.

## Example

```
'Issue two commands, spaced 2 seconds apart  
Raise "MyARC", 1  
Wait 2000  
Raise "MyARC", 2
```

# TakeLog

## Description

Takes a log on the specified ARC-16.

## Syntax

TakeLog(*ARCName*)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ARCName</i>	Name of the ARC-16 (use quotes).

## Example

```
'Take a log on MyARC  
TakeLog "MyARC"
```

---

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# EndScript

## Description

EndScript can be used to immediately stop the script.

Note: you do not always need to use EndScript; scripts will stop when the last line of code is executed. You only need to use EndScript to stop before the last line of code.

## Syntax

EndScript

## Example

```
'End the script if MyARC is not connected:  
If Not IsConnected("MyARC") Then  
    EndScript  
End If
```

---

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# Using the Report Writer

To open the Report Writer, click "Print Report..." from the File menu in AutoPilot. For more information on a specific topic, choose from the list below:

- General (date range, paper orientation, and time zones)
- Telemetry
- Status Channels
- Other Fields (status changes, alarms, and events)
- Report Header
- Report Footer
- Saving your report template



# Report Writer: General Tab

AutoPilot Reports

File Help

General | Telemetry | Status Channels | Other Fields | Header | Footer

Date range

From: 08/06/2001  To: 09/06/2001

Sort by date:  Ascending  Descending

Paper orientation

Portrait  Landscape

Maximum analog channels that will fit on the page: 13

Time Zones

Leave times in remote time zones

Sort chronologically

Sort literally

Convert times to local time zone

## Date Range

Click the From and/or To check box to limit the report to a date range. Use the calendar drop down to pick dates. You can sort your report in either ascending or descending order.

## Paper Orientation

The report is designed for 8.5" x 11" paper. You can printer in either portrait or landscape. This determines how many analog channels you can include in the report.

## Time Zones

If you are including data from other time zones in your report, you need to consider how to handle the time values. If all of your data is from the same time zone, just leave this set to "Leave times in remote time zones."

There are three ways to sort time zones:

Sort Method	Description
<i>Leave in remote time zones; Sort chronologically</i>	Time values will be left in their original time zones. Records will be sorted chronologically. This means that some values may <i>appear</i> to be out of order. If you have one ARC in Eastern Time, another in Pacific Time, and are sorting in ascending order: 2:01 PST will appear <i>after</i> 5:00 EST
<i>Leave in remote time zones; Sort literally</i>	Time values will be left in their original time zones. Records will be sorted literally. This means that some of your records will be out of order, but the time values will appear in numerical order. For example, if sorting in ascending

order: 3:00 EST will appear *after* 2:00 PST, even though 3:00 EST is *earlier* than 2:00 PST.

*Convert times to local time zone*

All time values will be converted to whatever your local time zone is. If you're in Easter Time, AutoPilot will add three hours to values from a Pacific Time site.

Note: The time calculation takes into account Daylight Saving Time. This means that records logged before DST will be printed as if they had been logged during DST (values from the fall will be increased by one hour). If your report will include both Standard and DST times, you may want to use one of the other sorting options.

---

➔ Telemetry

# Report Writer: Telemetry Tab

The screenshot shows the 'AutoPilot Reports' application window. The title bar reads 'AutoPilot Reports'. The menu bar contains 'File' and 'Help'. The toolbar includes icons for file operations and help. The 'Telemetry' tab is selected, with other tabs being 'General', 'Status Channels', 'Other Fields', 'Header', and 'Footer'. A dropdown menu is set to '2' for 'Number of readings columns to use:'. Below this, a prompt says 'Choose the site and channel for each column:'. A table is shown with two columns: 'Col.' and 'Analog Channel'. The first row is filled with '1', 'WXYZ FM', and 'Channel 1'. The second row has '2' in the first column and a dropdown arrow in the second column.

Col.	ARC-16	Analog Channel
1	WXYZ FM	Channel 1
2		

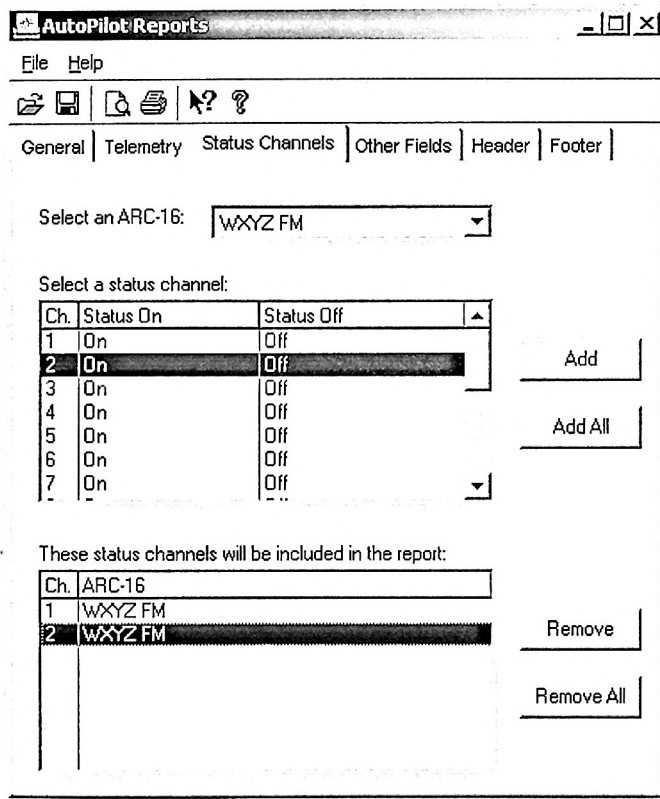
If you want to include analog readings in your report, first select the number of channels that you want to include. The number of channels available is determined by the paper orientation (see [General tab](#)).

For each column, choose the ARC-16 and analog channel. You are *not* limited to one ARC per report - you may include channels from as many ARC-16s as you like.

Note: You can not use the same channel from the same ARC twice.

➔ [Status Channels](#)  
➔ [General](#)

# Report Writer: Status Channels Tab



## About Status Logs...

AutoPilot records status channels in two ways. When an ARC-16 is logged, AutoPilot records the values of all the status channels. Also, when the status of a channel *changes*, AutoPilot records the change in the Status Changes log.

This section of the Report Writer allows you to include logged status - status changes are part of the [Other Fields](#) tab.

## Adding Status Channels

If you want to include Logged Status, choose the ARC-16 from the drop down list, select the desired channel from the "Select a status channel" list, and click Add. You may add as many status channels from as many ARCs as you like. Note: use the Add All button to add all the status channels from the selected ARC-16.

## Removing Status Channels

To remove a status channel from the report, select it in the bottom list and click Remove. Use Remove All to remove all status channels from the report.

- ➡ [Other Fields](#)
- ⬅ [Telemetry](#)

# Report Writer: Other Fields Tab

AutoPilotReports

File Help

General | Telemetry | Status Channels | Other Fields | Header | Footer

Select sites to include for Status Changes and Alarms

Status Changes:	Alarms:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WXYZ FM	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WXYZ FM
<input type="checkbox"/> WXYZ AM	<input type="checkbox"/> WXYZ AM

Types of events to include in the report

<input type="checkbox"/> Application	Messages printed from scripts.
<input type="checkbox"/> Connection	
<input type="checkbox"/> Commands	
<input type="checkbox"/> Alarms	
<input type="checkbox"/> Logging	
<input type="checkbox"/> Scripts	
<input type="checkbox"/> Maint Mode	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Script Message	

## Status Changes

Note: The Status Changes log indicates a *change* in status. To include status channels that are logged along with analog values, see the [Status Channels](#) tab.

To add status changes to your report, click on the check box next to the desired ARC-16(s) in the Status Changes list.

## Alarms

If you want to include alarms in your report, click the check box next to the desired ARC-16(s) in the Alarms list.

## Events

To include events in your report, click the check box next to each of the type of events that you want to include. Note: when you click on an event type, a description of that type will appear in the area to the right of the list.

- ➔ Header
- ➔ Status Channels

# Report Writer: Header Tab

AutoPilot Reports

File Help

General | Telemetry | Status Channels | Other Fields | Header | Footer

Report Header:

Report Title: My Report

Print date range     Print time zone information

Additional text:

Page Header:

Site Name     Channel Name     Analog Value Units

Additional text:

## Report Header

The report header will appear at the top of the report, before the page header.

### Report Title

Enter a title for your report. The title will appear in large letters at the top of the header.

### Print Date Range

Check this box to print the range of dates included in the report. Note: the date range is determined by the records that are *actually included* in the report, not just by the date range you entered in the General tab.

### Print Time Zone Information

Check this box to print a description of how time zones are handled in the report (as you specified in the General tab).

### Additional Text

Add any additional text that you want to include in the report header. You can add as many lines of text as you like.

## Page Header

The page header will appear at the top of each page in the report.

**Site Name**

Check this box to print the name of the ARC-16 for each analog value included in the report.

**Channel Name**

Check this box to print the channel name for each analog value.

**Analog Value Units**

Check this box to print the units label for each analog value.

**Additional Text**

Add any additional text that you want to include in the page header. You can add as many lines of text as you like.

➔ Footer

➔ Other Fields

# Report Writer: Footer Tab

AutoPilot Reports

File Help

General | Telemetry | Status Channels | Other Fields | Header | Footer

Report Footer

Additional text:

Sign Here:

Page Footer

Print today's date       Page number

Additional text:

## Report Footer

The report footer will appear on the last page of the report, above the page footer.

### Additional Text

Add any additional text that you want to include in the report footer. You can add as many lines of text as you like.

## Page Footer

The page footer will appear at the bottom of every page in the report.

### Print Today's Date

Check this box to print today's date in the footer.

### Page Number

Check this box to print the page number in the footer.

### Additional Text

Add any additional text that you want to include in the page footer. You can add as many lines of text as you like.



# Saving and Printing Reports

## Saving Reports

If you are going to reuse this report in the future, you can save the template. To do this, click "Save..." on the Report Writer's File menu. You will be prompted to choose a file name.

Note: you are saving the template (the layout of the report), but not the actual data included in the report. This allows you to print a similar report in the future, but always with current data.

## Opening Saved Reports

To load a previously saved template, click "Open..." from the File menu in the Report Writer. You will be prompted to pick a template file. Select the file you want to use and click Open. All of the settings that you saved with this template will be loaded into the Report Writer.

## Printing

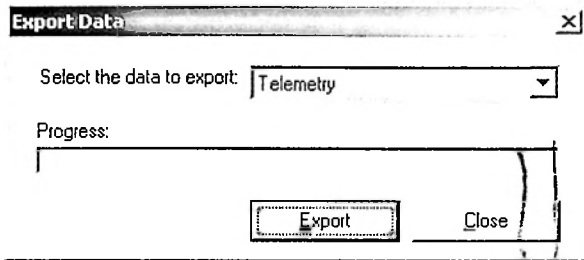
To preview your report, click "Print Preview..." from the File menu. You will see a progress dialog while your report is generated. Note: it may take up to several minutes to generate a lengthy report, depending on the speed of your computer. You can then print from the preview window.

If you do not need to preview the report, click "Print..." from the File menu. You will see the progress dialog and then be prompted to choose a printer.

# Exporting Data

You can export your alarm history, event log, status changes, and telemetry to a comma separated value (CSV) file. CSV files can be opened in many applications, including Microsoft Excel and Access.

To export, click "Export Data..." from the File menu in AutoPilot.



Select the table that you want to export from the drop down list, and click Export. You will be prompted for a file name. Note: the export may take several minutes, depending on the speed of your computer and how much data you have logged.

# Contact Burk Technology

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# Glossary

Term	Description
<i>Alarm</i>	There are three kinds of alarms: high, low, and status. A high or low alarm occurs when an analog channel is above or below the limits set on the ARC-16 (Limits Monitoring must be turned on). A status alarm occurs when the status of a channel is ON, and the status alarm is enabled for that channel.
<i>Authorization Code</i>	An Authorization Code is required to use an ARC-16 with AutoPilot. Codes are issued by Burk Technology, and are specific to your Serial Number and Program Key. <u>Contact Burk</u> if you need an Authorization Code.
<i>Calendar</i>	An AutoPilot Calendar consists of 6 user-defined times for each month. The times are Pre-Sunrise, Sunrise, Sunset, Post Sunset, User 1, and User 2. Times are always in Standard Time.
<i>Connection</i>	A connection is the link between your computer and the ARC-16. A connection can use either a COM Port or a Modem. When you connect to an ARC, AutoPilot can communicate with <i>all</i> of the units that are linked to that ARC (the other units in the group).
<i>Default Connection</i>	If a connection is defined as the default for the group, AutoPilot will use that connection without first prompting you to choose from a list of connections. If you only have one connection in a group, it is a good idea to set it as the default.
<i>Demo Mode</i>	You can run AutoPilot in Demo Mode by leaving the Program Key field blank when you install AutoPilot. Demo Mode will allow you to run AutoPilot for 15 days, unrestricted. After the 15-day demo, you must purchase AutoPilot to continue using it (AutoPilot will not run without a Program Key after the Demo period).
<i>Group</i>	A group can comprise between one and four ARC-16s, each connected to each other. When ARCs are grouped, AutoPilot can communicate with the whole group when the computer is connected to just one of the ARCs.
<i>Idle Script</i>	A script is idle when it is not running and not waiting for anything (such as a scheduled run time or interval, etc).
<i>Maintenance Mode</i>	The ARC-16 can be put into Maintenance Mode (Maint Mode) by pressing the Maint button on the front panel. When in Maint Mode, you will not be able to issue commands (raise and lower) to the ARC from the computer.
<i>Program Key</i>	The Program Key is issued by Burk Technology when you purchase AutoPilot for Windows. You will need a program key to install the software and add ARC-16s. If you do not have a program key, you can install AutoPilot in Demo Mode. To obtain a Program Key, <u>contact Burk</u> .
<i>Script</i>	An AutoPilot Script lets you automate AutoPilot and your ARC-16(s). AutoPilot Script is based on Visual BASIC Script (VBS), and includes a library of commands specific to AutoPilot.
<i>Site Letter</i>	Every ARC-16 is assigned a site letter (A, B, C, or D) when it is first configured. This identifies the ARC uniquely when it is connected to other units in a group.
<i>User</i>	User accounts in AutoPilot allow you to grant only certain privileges to individuals.